

الشرق الاوسط

THE WEATHER — PARIS: Monday, cloudy, Temp. 37 (27-41) LONDON: Monday, overcast with occasional rain, Temp. 52 (34-61) CHAMBERS: Monday, overcast, heavy clouds, Temp. 51 (33-69) BRUSSELS: Monday, cloudy, variable winds, Temp. 51 (33-61) NEW YORK: Monday, overcast, Temp. 57 (33-61) ADDITIONAL WEATHER DATA — PAGE 14

Table with exchange rates for various currencies including Algerian, Argentine, Australian, etc.

Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post PARIS, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1981

Established 1837

Despite Tough Talk, Moscow Viewed as Committed to Negotiations

By John F. Burns New York Times Service MOSCOW — If the only indicators were public pronouncements, it would be safe to predict a lengthy impasse when U.S. and Soviet negotiators meet in Geneva Monday to open talks on intermediate-range nuclear weapons.

Similar remarks had been made at a news conference by Vadim V. Zagladin, a Kremlin spokesman who was the first senior Soviet official to comment on the Reagan proposal.

But what probably mattered more was the ex-cisinas Pravda made from a supposedly "full text" of the approving references to the Reagan proposal that Chancellor Helmut Schmidt made at a Bonn banquet.

What emerges from all the Soviet commentaries is the high priority the Kremlin attaches to halting the deployment of the U.S. missiles that Mr. Reagan offered to give up.

What weapons should be on the table, the capabilities and missions of various types of missiles and aircraft in each side's inventory and the weight that should be given to the different mix of weapons maintained by each side in calculating the balance that both profess themselves eager to maintain.

Doubt Cast By Tass on U.S. Stand At Geneva

By Michael Getler Washington Post Service GENEVA — The Soviet Union reiterated on Sunday its serious doubts about Washington's intentions as U.S. and Soviet negotiators prepared to open talks here Monday on limiting nuclear weapons in Europe.

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peace, talking about negotiations," the weekly journal Literaturnaya Gazeta said in a front-page piece last week.

Allen Taking a Leave So He Can 'Speak Out'

WASHINGTON — President Reagan's national security adviser, Richard V. Allen, announced Sunday that he has taken administrative leave until completion of a Justice Department investigation into his receipt of \$1,000 in cash from Japanese journalists who interviewed Nancy Reagan.



Richard V. Allen

He Now Can 'Speak Out' "I have spoken with the president and asked he grant me administrative leave until the Department of Justice concludes the investigation," he said.

Israeli Cabinet Accepts U.S. Cooperation Plan

By Norman Kempster Los Angeles Times Service JERUSALEM — With Prime Minister Menachem Begin presiding from his hospital bed, the Israeli Cabinet Sunday agreed to send Defense Minister Ariel Sharon to Washington to conclude and sign a strategic cooperation agreement with the United States.

Cabinet secretary Arieh Naor said the Cabinet did not even discuss the issue of European participation in the Sinai multinational peacekeeping force because Mr. Begin's doctors said that the meeting could last no more than 90 minutes to avoid tiring the prime minister.

Between Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organization. However, U.S. Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. proposed a compromise plan, intended to save face for both the Israelis and the Europeans, during a seven-hour meeting Friday with Israeli Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir.

Muldoon Party Wins 2-Seat Edge But No Majority in New Zealand

WELLINGTON, New Zealand — National election results Sunday showed the Muldoon Party of Prime Minister Robert D. Muldoon holding a two-seat edge over Labor in Parliament but lacking an absolute majority.



Robert D. Muldoon



Wallace E. Rowling

The closest election result in New Zealand's modern history followed a traumatic year during which a South African rugby tour provoked divisions throughout the country.

INSIDE

Seychelles Raid

The attempt by South Africa-based mercenaries to overturn the Marxist government of the Seychelles is emerging as a swashbuckling mission that began after a 62-year-old military adventurer was lured out of retirement and ended in failure because a customs inspector jerked open the false bottom of a suitcase.

OAU Chad Force

Five African nations formally agree to deployment of peacekeeping troops in Chad by Dec. 17, the first such force assembled by the Organization of African Unity.

Lotte Lenya Dies

Lotte Lenya, a star of the German and American stage and film, who championed the music of her husband, Kurt Weill, dies at 73.

Israel made no secret of its preference for a much deeper relationship than Washington was prepared to offer. In effect, Jerusalem wanted its alliance with the United States to have equal status with those Washington has with NATO members.

Mr. Begin, who broke a thighbone in a fall Thursday, was propped up in his bed at Hadassah hospital while his ministers crowded around him. Those present said Mr. Begin seemed to be in considerable pain.

Car Bomb in Damascus Kills 64; Regime Blames Moslem Extremists

DAMASCUS — Sixty-four persons were killed and 135 wounded Sunday when a car bomb sent twisted metal and shattered glass flying through a crowded street here, a Syrian government spokesman said.

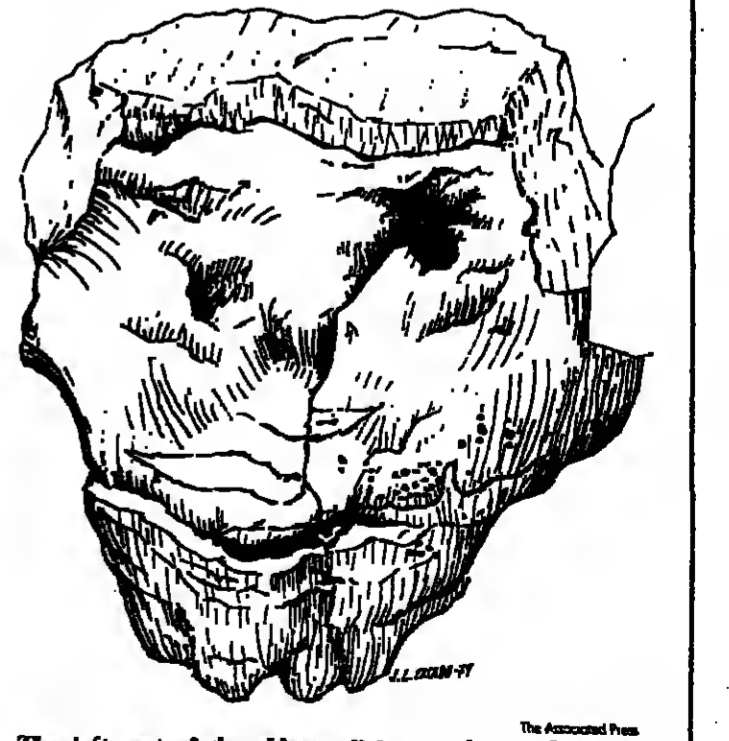
The Syrian government owns agency said the attack was carried out against Syria's "steadfastness," an apparent reference to Syria's membership in the hard-line front made up of Libya, Algeria, South Yemen and the Palestine Liberation Organization.

Spain Religious Shrine Believed Oldest Sanctuary Yet Discovered

By Tom Ferrell New York Times Service NEW YORK — U.S. and Spanish scientists have reported finding the earliest intact religious sanctuary from the early Stone Age at El Juyo Cave, an archaeological site in northern Spain near the seaport city of Santander.

The scientists said they believe that the sanctuary was built 14,000 years ago, which would make it the oldest known religious shrine. Other than burial sites, the oldest shrines known previously are in the Middle East, and they are about 9,000 years old.

The excavation was financed by the Spanish Ministry of Culture and the U.S. National Science Foundation. The site has been known since 1957 as the home of a late Paleolithic culture called Magdalenian III, which flourished about 14,000 years ago.



The left part of the oldest religious sculpture shows the half-face of a man with a mustache and beard; on the right, the half-face of a carnivore, most likely a lion or a leopard.

U.S. to Start NATO Missile Production Before Tests End

By Walter Pincus
Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON — Fearing that the two new missile basing programs will not be ready for their scheduled deployment in 1983, the Pentagon has decided to begin production even before their development and testing programs are completed.

European opposition to their development.

"The program does have risks in it in the context of how much concurrency has been accepted," Deputy Undersecretary of Defense James P. Wade Jr. told the House Appropriations Subcommittee on Defense in a closed meeting in September, the transcript of which was recently released.

U.S. determination to push the systems in this faster-than-normal procedure, Mr. Wade said, was to meet "a commitment to our [NATO] allies" made in December, 1979.

At the time the diplomatic commitment was made, however, neither system was expected to be ready by December, 1983.

The Pershing-2, for example, was in a development program that had December, 1984, as its target date. And the ground-launched Cruise missile program, which had already run into technical problems, was being de-emphasized in favor of a submarine-launched Cruise missile.

As explained at the congressional hearing, the concurrency programs for both missiles will set up the following problems:

- The Pershing-2 will have undergone only two of its planned 28 flight tests before the Pentagon must make its production decision in June, 1982. Those two tests will be the first at a new, extended 1,000-mile (1,600-kilometer) range. Up to now the Pershing has had a 400-mile range.
- The first flight test of the Pershing-2 against a land target is not scheduled until July, 1982. The testing of an operational, mobile Pershing-2 will not take place until mid-1983.

However, Pentagon officials believe that the new guidance system on the Pershing-2 was adequately tested during 1977-78 shots carried out with Pershing-1 missiles.

The ground-launched Cruise missile, which has already slipped two years in its testing program, has a scheduled production decision date of May, 1983, by which time more than one-third of the procurement funds will have been spent.

The delay, in part, came from troubles the Air Force has had with the computer system for the missile.

Software Problems

"The problems we have run into have been in the development of the software for the computer," Maj. Gen. R.D. Russ, Air Force deputy chief of staff for research and development, told the subcommittee. "I think maybe we were a little ambitious when we started," he said, but added that he believed that for the 1983 date to be reached, "we need to proceed at the pace that we are going."

There has been only one test to date of a prototype transporter for the Cruise missile that led to a redesign of the equipment, the congressmen were told. "That is the way we planned it," Gen. Russ told the congressmen. "We do not plan on building a full-scale development engineering model [of the transporter] until this year."

Seeking to Hide MX, U.S. Studies New Moves

By Richard Halloran
New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — Senior officials in the Defense Department have said that they have begun to devise a new approach to the deceptive deployment of both the MX nuclear missile and a missile defense system intended to make the MX invulnerable to Soviet attack.

being designed to push the Soviet Union into an expensive technology race as opposed to an expensive but more dangerous arms race.

The officials noted that the Soviet Union had already shown an interest in making its intercontinental ballistic missile force mobile. They said that they had seen evidence of Soviet experiments in transporting ballistic missiles along the trans-Siberian railway.

On Oct. 2, President Reagan disclosed the administration's \$180 billion program intended to revitalize the nation's strategic nuclear deterrent. The decision included plans to find invulnerable bases for the MX missile.

Mr. Reagan canceled the scheme adopted by President Jimmy Carter that called for shuttling 200 MX missiles among 4,600 shelters in the deserts of Utah and Nevada. While rejecting that "shell game," the Reagan officials said, the general concept of deceptive deployment was retained.

They said that the new concept of random motion meant moving not just the MX missiles around but also the other components in an irregular and unpredictable fashion.

Air Patrol

Under the Reagan plan, as an interim measure, 30 to 40 MX missiles will be based in existing silos that will be hardened in an effort to protect them from increasingly accurate and more powerful Soviet missiles.

For another 60 to 70 missiles, the president said that officials would try to find a long-term basing method, which would include either a continuous air patrol of big aircraft loitering over the oceans with missiles aboard, a deep underground mountain basing scheme that officials said was called "Citadel" or an improved ballistic missile defense of the MX in silos.

Testing at the missile itself is being done primarily through continuous testing of the submarine-launched Cruise missile. It has been tested 58 times, the congressmen were told, and "is about 99 percent identical to the land-attack vehicle."

Law on Special Powers Urged by Polish Party

The plan, which is part of the search for a long-term method of basing the MX intercontinental missile, calls for coordinating both the MX's deployment and its ballistic missile defense system, and making as many elements of the new force movable as possible.

WARSAW — The Polish parliament is expected to be called into session in the next few days to debate legislation to combat the country's political and economic crisis, well-informed sources said Sunday.

The Sejm would be convened to consider what amounts to an order from the Communist Party to grant the government special powers that could include a strike ban and the imposition of a state of emergency.

It said: "The Central Committee considers it necessary to equip the government with the authority needed effectively to counter destructive actions that are ruining the country and its economy, threatening the Socialist state, order and public security."

"In this connection, the committee makes Communist deputies duty-bound to move for the immediate initiation of legislation on extraordinary measures to protect citizens and state."

Police, Protesters Clash At Frankfurt Airport

FRANKFURT — Youth protesting construction of a new runway have clashed again with police at Rhein-Main International Airport.

A police spokesman said the protesters, in several groups of about 100, attacked police positions on Saturday during a concrete wall built to keep them from the construction project. No injuries were reported. The clash followed noisy demonstrations that disrupted holiday shopping in central Frankfurt.

The object, the officials said on Saturday, would be to confuse Soviet military leaders selecting targets for their missiles. The Soviet officers could not predict where targets might be if the MX missile, interceptor missiles, sensors in space, radar stations, command posts and other elements of the integrated force were moved about on an unpredictable schedule.

The idea of deceptive deployment for MX missiles has been discussed for years, but the plan to extend that to include the ballistic missile defense system and its components is new, the officials said.

Since then, the officials said, research into all three possibilities has continued and will continue until 1984, when the administration has promised a decision. The officials said they wanted to keep open all options and to study as much technology as possible.

Allen Wants to 'Speak Out,' Says He Is Taking a Leave

(Continued from Page 1)

payroll during the leave of absence.

The Senate Vote Due

Funds for the MX in this fiscal year have been voted by the House of Representatives, and the issue is due to come to a vote in the Senate on Monday or Tuesday. Even if it passes there, as expected, the program will most likely remain in dispute until the question of vulnerability is settled.

The resolution noted that successive appeals for an end to strikes had been ignored, and it followed calls for a strike ban from speakers, including Premier Wojciech Jaruzelski, who heads the party and is the defense minister.

Asked if Mr. Allen would be welcome back at the White House if cleared, Mr. Speakes said, "We would have to wait and see, but I would not assume otherwise."

Bad Judgment

During the interview, Mr. Allen continued to deny any wrongdoing but conceded he "did exercise bad judgment" in not reporting his receipt of the cash to a White House lawyer immediately.

Beyond assurances that an integrated MX and missile defense system could survive, one official said, the new plan was intended to confront the Soviet high command with a choice. It could spend enormous sums to build a nuclear force large enough to try to overwhelm the United States strategic deterrent or it could negotiate an arms control agreement.

Another official report acknowledged that the Communist Party had lost nearly half a million members, or one-third of its strength, in recent months.

Political Anarchy Reported

Speakers depicted mounting political anarchy, and many attacked Solidarity activists for banning party cells from factories and work places.

Attorney General William French Smith has about two weeks until he will be required by law to drop the Justice Department's preliminary investigation of the matter or ask for the appointment of a special prosecutor to decide whether there is reason to believe Mr. Allen committed a crime.

The new concept is part of what one official called a "research and development strategy" that was

Government and Solidarity reports during the weekend indicated that talks between them on economic reforms due to go into effect next year had revealed major differences.

Solidarity officials said they doubted whether the reform program would really lead to a boost in production, productivity and exports, and said the program did not provide for enough decentralization.

Economic forecasts presented to the Central Committee said agricultural production could rise by 3 to 4 percent next year and industrial production could increase by up to 5 percent.

Zbigniew Mader, the government's planning chief, said the increase in industrial output depended on a rise in coal production and an end to strikes.

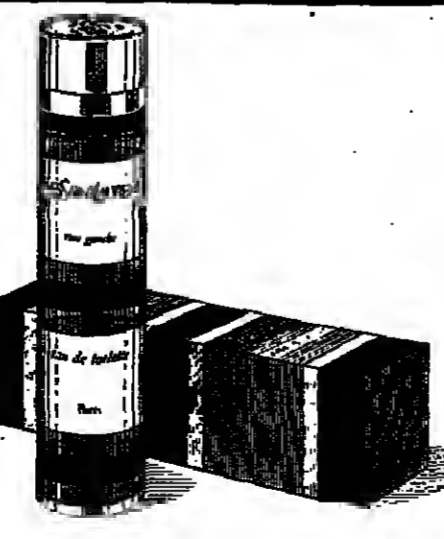
U.S. authorities were understood to believe that there probably was no other gift, that the report probably resulted from a misunderstanding by someone not entirely familiar with arrangements for the interview. However, authorities on both sides of the Pacific were understood to be continuing to investigate the report.

The more you know about Scotch, the more you like Ballantine's.



Ballantine's
Superb Scotch Whisky

Rive Gauche
n'est pas un parfum pour les femmes effacées.



Parfums
YVES SAINT LAURENT



Thousands of young unemployed people from throughout Britain marched Sunday in London to protest against the lack of jobs. Nearly three million people, or 11.4 percent of Britain's workforce, are unemployed. The march was organized by the Trades Union Congress.

Mercenaries in Seychelles Attack Were Foiled by a Customs Check

By Caryle Murphy
Washington Post Service



Michael Hoare in 1965

JOHANNESBURG — The attempt by South Africa-based mercenaries to overturn the Marxist government of the Seychelles is ending as a swabuckling mission that began after a 62-year-old military adventurer was lured out of retirement, and that ended in failure only after a curious Seychelles customs inspector jacked open the false bottom of a suitcase.

South African police confirmed Saturday that Michael Hoare, a former British Army tank commander who helped install Mobutu Sese Seko as president of Zaire, was one of 44 mercenaries arrested Thursday after the Air India jet that they had hijacked landed in Durban. The group commander fled the plane to escape from a shoot-out at the Seychelles' Pointe Larue Airport. The battle was unplanned, erupting only after authorities discovered automatic weapons in the luggage of what was supposed to be a vacationing rugby team.

South African officials were reported to be "hoping mad" about the coup attempt. They insist they had nothing to do with it. "I can tell you most categorically that the South African government was not involved in the plot," Police Minister Louis Le Grange said Friday night.

There were conflicting reports on whether any foreign mercenaries remained at large in the Seychelles.

The Seychelles news agency said 10 mercenaries, all South Africans,

were captured there and that an investigation was under way to determine if others had infiltrated the islands before the main group arrived.

In Johannesburg, South African Foreign Minister R.F. Botha disclosed that his department had been approached several times by dissident groups in the Seychelles asking for assistance in overthrowing President René. He said they were "told categorically that it was the policy of the South African government not to concern itself with adventures of this nature."

Curfew Is Eased

VICTORIA. Seychelles (Reuters) — The Seychelles on Saturday relaxed the around-the-clock curfew imposed last Thursday. An announcement said the curfew was being lifted between 12 p.m. to 3 p.m. to allow people to shop.

Tanzania Appeal

DAR ES SALAAM, Tanzania (Reuters) — Tanzanian President Julius Nyerere has urged the international community to demand that South Africa hand over the arrested mercenaries to the Seychelles government.

Responsibility Claimed

[A Seychelles journalist, Paul Chow, who is living in exile in London, on Sunday claimed responsibility for the coup attempt. The Associated Press reported in London. Mr. Chow, 31, said he heads a group called Le Mouvement pour la Résistance that funded the coup attempt.]

Blast at Sikh Leader's Temple Kills 3

NEW DELHI — Three persons were killed Sunday in a bomb blast at the temple of a Sikh religious leader whose recent arrest on murder charges sparked rioting and a plane hijacking. United News of India reported.

Forget About Money

Mr. Allen said he gave the money to a secretary and forgot about it. The money lay in the safe from Jan. 21, the day after Mr. Reagan's inauguration, until it was discovered in mid-September.

Jarnail Singh Bhindranwale, 34, was not in his temple at Chowk Melita, in Punjab state 250 miles (400 kilometers) northwest of New Delhi, when the blast occurred, the agency quoted local officials as saying. Mr. Bhindranwale, charged with plotting the Sept. 9 assassination of a leading newspaper editor, surrendered to police Sept. 20 after evading arrest for a week by taking refuge in his temple.

Official sources said that neither Japanese nor U.S. officials had been able to corroborate reports from Japan that Mr. Allen had received a larger gift for his role in arranging the interview.

Mr. Bhindranwale's release was a major demand of five Sikhs who hijacked an Indian aircraft to Lahore, Pakistan, on Sept. 29. They were captured by Pakistani commandos. Mr. Bhindranwale was later released, but murder charges against him were not dropped.

The Tokyo newspaper Mainichi reported Saturday that in addition to the \$1,000 and two watches that Mr. Allen has acknowledged receiving, another gift was presented to him on Jan. 18.

Hondurans Vote for Civilian Leader

TEGUCIGALPA, Honduras — Hondurans voted Sunday for their first civilian president in a decade, to replace Gen. Policarpo Paz Garcia. More than 80 percent of the 1.5 million eligible voters were expected to go to the polls.

U.S. authorities were understood to believe that there probably was no other gift, that the report probably resulted from a misunderstanding by someone not entirely familiar with arrangements for the interview. However, authorities on both sides of the Pacific were understood to be continuing to investigate the report.

The leading candidates were Roberto Sazo Córdoba, 53, a country doctor who heads the Liberal Party, and Ricardo Zúñiga Agustín, 65, a lawyer who supports the army and is the National Party candidate. Because the Liberal Party won narrowly in last year's election for a Constitutional Assembly, Mr. Sazo was considered a slight favorite.

Rift on Economy Seen at Talks on Belgian Cabinet

BRUSSELS — A rift over economic policy weakened prospects for a quick end to Belgium's political deadlock through the formation of a center-right coalition government, political sources said.

Both Mr. Sazo and Mr. Zúñiga last month agreed to grant the Superior Council of the Armed Forces a veto over Cabinet appointments, and not to sponsor any investigation of corruption in the present government or the armed forces.

After a day of talks among party chiefs Saturday, Willy De Clercq, leader of the conservative Flemish Liberals, failed to secure the support of the French-speaking Social Christians for an austerity program aimed at resolving the worsening financial crisis, the sources said.

Cabinet Changes Expected in Japan

TOKYO — Premier Zenko Suzuki will announce major changes in his 21-member Cabinet on Monday. Liberal Democratic Party sources said Sunday. The sources said up to two-thirds of the ministers would be moved to new jobs or dropped.

Airport Shoot-Out

The Seychelles news agency said the men, posing as a rugby team, were trying to infiltrate the island in advance of a coup attempt, and that after arriving at the airport, they calmly boarded a bus, planning to be driven to a local hotel.

The sources said the post of foreign minister, now held by Smao Sonoda, was expected to go either to the party secretary-general, Yoshio Sakurachi, 69, or to Tokuzaburo Kosaka, 65, a businessman.

However, after most had boarded the bus, a customs clerk routinely inspecting luggage found weapons hidden under the false bottom of one of the men's suitcases, the news agency said.

The finance minister, Michio Watanabe, 58, and the head of the Economic Planning Agency, Toshio Kurokawa, 70, were expected to retain their posts in the shake-up, which is reportedly planned to end squabbling over new trade measures.

U.K. Ex-Envoy Admits Illegal Ties

LONDON — A former British diplomat said Sunday that his love affair with an embassy maid led him into illegal links with Czechoslovak intelligence sources in Prague and London more than 20 years ago.

Mr. Habib, greeted by Robert Dillon, U.S. ambassador to Lebanon, left in a motorcade of escort cars with automatic weapons protruding from both sides. He met with rightist Christian militia leader Bechar Gemayel, but neither the U.S. Embassy nor Voice of Lebanon radio would reveal details.

Habib Resumes Lebanese Mission

BEIRUT — U.S. envoy Philip C. Habib met with a rightist militia leader on Sunday as he resumed his efforts to ease tensions over Syrian missiles in southern Lebanon and to shore up a cease-fire that he helped arrange between Israel and the Palestinians.

Mr. Habib was expected to meet with Lebanese President Elias Sarkis after visiting Israel on Tuesday or Wednesday, according to the newspaper An-Nahar. Mr. Habib also is expected to visit Saudi Arabia and Syria.

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Reagan's Humor Keeps an Imperial Presidency at Bay

By Lee Lescaze
Washington Post Service

SANTA BARBARA, Calif. — After 10 months in office, President Reagan shows no sign of succumbing to the temptations of an imperial presidency.

More than any other recent president, Mr. Reagan likes to tell a joke at his own expense, and he even turns aside with good humor criticisms that go to the core of his presidential style.

How closely Mr. Reagan follows daily developments, how engaged he is in the process of governing and how he survives at decisions still remain often mysterious to outsiders.

The president is well aware of — and reportedly not pleased by —

NEWS ANALYSIS

the trickle of articles that describe him as somewhat disengaged from the business of the nation, but his public response is the joke, not the retort.

A recent example came in an interview with ABC television taped last Tuesday. Mr. Reagan had just flown to California after ordering a temporary halt to nonessential government work during Monday's budget confrontation with Congress.

He made a joke when asked whether he had classified himself an essential worker. "No one told me whether I was or not," the president replied. "I sat there in the

Public Response to Criticism Is the Joke, Not the Retort

office just in case somebody tried to take it over."

It is hard to imagine other recent presidents even cracking a smile over such a question.

Puzzling Style

While Mr. Reagan's approach is far removed from the imperial manner of a president who invokes his authority at every moment and reacts sharply to all perceived slights, his style does create some puzzlement.

At times the president is clearly well-informed. In a March interview, for example, he answered without hesitation questions on African policy that were far from the forefront of his concerns at the moment.

On other occasions, Mr. Reagan leaves the impression that he has only a hazy understanding of a complicated issue.

On Oct. 2, for example, the president appeared in the White House East Room with Defense Secretary Caspar W. Weinberger to announce his decision on deployment of the MX missile and construction of the B-1 bomber.

Mr. Reagan agreed to answer a few questions before turning the microphone over to Mr. Weinberger, but he appeared distinctly uncomfortable and unprepared.

Some of his news conference performances have been relaxed and impressive. Others have stirred a new round of questions

about how closely he is in touch with events.

In his initial round of meetings with foreign leaders, Mr. Reagan has done better than some critics suggested he would. He has had many more successes than problems.

Mr. Weinberger said recently that every foreign head of state has come away from a first meeting with Mr. Reagan very impressed and holding "a revised opinion of Reagan's strength as a leader."

The score may not be quite so perfect, but the president has served his policy purposes well in most of his top-level encounters.

One part of the Reagan puzzle is that he often is showcased as dealing with the lighter side of his life as president.

For example, two recent interviews were heavily devoted to his life on his mountaintop ranch near Santa Barbara.

When he talked with a New York Times reporter, the ground rules were that only questions about the ranch could be asked.

With Barbara Walters of ABC, he took questions on some major issues, but the bulk of the hour-long program was on the ranch and Mr. Reagan's personal life, including his relations with his parents and children.

Edwin Meese 3d, the chief presidential counselor; James A. Baker 3d, Mr. Reagan's chief of staff; and Mr. Weinberger were making

themselves available for television interviews about the budget showdown with Congress and forthcoming weapons talks with the Soviet Union while Mr. Reagan gave his lighter interviews.

Toughest Decision

The contrast was underlined when Miss Walters asked what had been the toughest decision of his presidency and he replied, "It could have been the veto the other night."

It would be interesting to hear the president explain why he considers that confrontation, which he called "a game of chicken," a harder decision than his budget-cutting decisions, the decision to sell AWACS aircraft to Saudi Arabia, deployment of the MX missile or arms reduction in Europe.

The decision-making procedure in the Reagan White House adds to outsiders' puzzlement over the president's role.

In essence, Mr. Reagan is presented with options, both in writing and orally from his advisers and Cabinet members. He considers the written papers and listens to the oral arguments, but rarely makes a decision on the spot. Instead, the president's advisers announce that an issue is ready for a presidential decision, but that the president wants more time to reflect.

At the moment, natural gas

regulation is in such a state of suspended action. In this as with other issues, the delay occasioned by Mr. Reagan's sometimes prolonged private considerations appears in outsiders to be mostly a means of seeing a politically propitious timing for a decision.

On questions that have reached this stage, the president can announce a decision at any time even though days or weeks may have passed since the issue was last described as being on a front burner.

While the president's day-to-day role is sometimes unclear, there are some important decisions on which Mr. Reagan acts from strong convictions and takes a leading role.

Firm on Military

In a tough choice between lowering the budget deficit and cutting the rate of increase in military spending, Mr. Reagan came down strongly last August on the side of a large military buildup. He did not want to trim his military plans, and he stood firm.

Despite his goal of balancing the budget, Mr. Reagan has stood equally firm against recommendations that tax revenues should be raised. The president believes in the supply-side economic theory that the tax cuts he won last summer will eventually stimulate growth and new revenues. Mr. Reagan resists taking away with new taxes the money people will receive from his tax cuts.

Mr. Reagan's decision to resume grain sales to the Soviet Union was another example of an issue on which he felt strongly committed and played a leading role. He had campaigned against President Jimmy Carter's grain embargo, which he felt placed an unfair burden on farmers.

From the day he took office, he made no bones about his desire to lift the embargo despite his contradictory hard-line policy toward the Soviet Union.

8 Basques in Spain Held as Terrorists

MADRID — Eight Basques have been arrested on charges of political terrorism, police reported.

The police announcement Saturday said that those under arrest belonged to the Basque separatist organization ETA and that they had confessed to several attacks in the Basque country, including the assassination of two paramilitary Civil Guards and the bombing of the French Consulate in San Sebastian.

Meanwhile, in the Basque city of Bilbao, Manuel Hernandez Seideos, 33, a gunsmith, died Saturday of head wounds received two days earlier in a terrorist attack, hospital sources said.

Reagan's Supporters Outspent Carter's

By Adam Clymer
New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — Political action committees and other organizations and individuals spent \$10,601,864 urging President Reagan's election last fall through independent expenditures, according to a report by the Federal Election Commission.

Such expenditures are not subject to any federal contribution or spending limits.

That total was 382 times the \$27,773 spent independently to urge the re-election of President Jimmy Carter, the Democratic nominee, according to the report. And just \$3,083 was spent by such people and groups urging the election of Rep. John B. Anderson, Republican of Illinois, an independent candidate, the report said.

A Houston businessman, Cecil R. Haden, led the list of independent individual spenders, using \$599,333 of his own money to help several candidates. The report said that he spent \$182,726 in support of John B. Connally's unsuccessful bid for the Republican presidential nomination. He then spent \$413,221 to help Mr. Reagan. Mr. Haden also spent \$3,386 to help Rep. Jack H. Fields

Jr., Republican of Texas, according to the report. The Congressional Club, run by associates of Sen. Jesse Helms, Republican of North Carolina, led the list of groups, spending \$4,601,069, all in support of Mr. Reagan.

The National Conservative Political Action Committee spent \$3,307,962, with \$1,859,168 used to behalf of Mr. Reagan. It also spent the most money on seeking the defeat of candidates — \$1,435,232. The bulk of that sum, \$1,067,448, was spent on attacks on six Democratic senators.

Each major party candidate had \$29.4 million from the federal Treasury to spend in the general election campaign, plus \$4.5 million more that his party's national committee was allowed to spend for him. But when Mr. Reagan and Mr. Carter accepted the money, they gave up the right to take private contributions. The independent groups supporting Mr. Reagan sought contributions from backers who might otherwise have given directly to his campaign. Mr. Anderson campaigned with private contributions, limited to \$1,000 per person.

The report, released Saturday, showed that independent spending was eight times greater than it had been in 1976.

Engine Breakup Brings on New DC-10 Study

By Richard Widin
New York Times Service

NEW YORK — Federal safety experts are conducting an intensive new study of the DC-10 airplane as a result of an engine breakup that caused dangerous damage to wing devices on an Air Florida jet in Miami. In that incident, the crew safely stopped the takeoff run.

The crash of a three-engine DC-10 in Chicago in May, 1979, killed 273 persons. In 1977, a DC-10 operated by an Asian airline was damaged just after takeoff in much the same fashion as the Air Florida plane. The crew was able to circle and make a safe landing.

In all three cases, the critical fact was that engine difficulties severely damaged high-lift devices on the front of one wing, while similar devices on the other wing continued to produce proper high lift. Asymmetry of this type tends to make a plane roll once it is in the air. In Chicago the plane went into an extreme roll and plunged to the ground.

The DC-10's manufacturer, the McDonnell Douglas Corp., is said by U.S. government officials to be performing detailed new analyses

of the plane's capabilities with asymmetric slats. The company is expected to make recommendations to the Federal Aviation Administration within about 10 days on what design improvements, if any, should be made in addition to those made after the Chicago disaster.

Disturbing Tendency

The new look at the DC-10 is but one element in a much broader inquiry into the hazards presented by huge jumbo-jet engines that have shown a disturbing tendency to unlatch rapidly whirling turbine wheels or other parts, and to damage critical systems. Incidents of this type have occurred not only on the DC-10 but also on other jumbos, such as the Lockheed L-1011 and the European-made Airbus A-300.

On Sept. 22, the day of the Air Florida DC-10 incident, the tail engine of an Eastern Airlines three-engine L-1011 suffered failure of a rotating fan. Three of its four hydraulic systems were disabled after a takeoff from Newark International Airport on a trip to Puerto Rico. The plane landed safely at Kennedy International Airport.

In the DC-10 incident, the Air Florida crew pulled back the throttles and slammed on the brakes in time to stop before reaching the end of the runway.

Vulnerable Period at Takeoff

But some officials, who asked not to be identified, say there appears to be a "window of vulnerability" on takeoff in which the combination of loss of engine power and asymmetry of wing lift could be hazardous despite improvements made after the Chicago accident. This would be a period of about six seconds in which the plane would be going too fast to stop on the runway but not fast enough to prevent a dangerous roll.

It is on this issue that new analyses from McDonnell Douglas are being awaited.

One solution that has been suggested is installation of a mechanical locking device to prevent unwanted retraction of the slats even if cables for these high-lift devices were damaged because of partial engine disintegration.

The L-1011 and the four-engine Boeing 747 jumbo have such locking mechanisms. And American Airlines, whose plane was involved

in the Chicago disaster, included such a mechanism in a list of improvements it sought from the manufacturer.

But McDonnell Douglas has refused to go along on the slat lock, contending that the other improvements incorporated as the result of the Chicago accident have effectively taken care of the problem.

Manufacturer Refuses

Several officials of both the FAA and the National Transportation Safety Board expressed the view that there was no direct connection between the Chicago accident and the two other incidents. They said that in the Chicago case, primary blame had been attributed to improper maintenance of the underwing engine-pylon assembly.

But the safety board concluded that the design of both the engine-pylon assembly and of the slats had left them especially vulnerable to damage when the assembly tore away.

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STAYING AHEAD IN THE RACE TO TOMORROW.

AIR AFRIQUE



Senegalese soldiers, members of an OAU peacekeeping force, arriving in Chad's capital.

OAU Agrees on Chad Peace Force But Questions on Mandate Remain

By Alan Cowell
New York Times Service
NAIROBI — Five African nations have formally agreed to the deployment of peacekeeping troops in Chad by Dec. 17, the first such force assembled by the Organization of African Unity.

President Goukouni Oueddegui of Chad met late in the evening Saturday with Daniel Arap Moi, Kenya's president and the chairman of the OAU, and officials from four of the six African nations that have pledged to contribute troops to the force. The 5,000 OAU soldiers will replace Libyan troops who have been withdrawn.

Although the African officials agreed on the Dec. 17 date for the arrival of the peacekeeping units in Chad, they left unanswered the question of the force's precise mandate.

mat who declined to be identified. Mr. Goukouni wanted the force to attack rebels in the east of the country, but most of the contributing nations wanted their troops to avoid combat and act as a buffer between warring factions.

Last December, Mr. Goukouni invited Libya to send troops to halt the warfare. He asked them to leave last month, and they did so precipitously, prompting a renewal of fighting in the east between government forces and troops loyal to former Defense Minister Hissene Habré.

At a news conference after the weekend meeting, Mr. Goukouni said he was not optimistic about his country's future "as long as the peacekeeping force has not arrived in Chad."

Only about 700 Zairian paratroopers and 150 Senegalese soldiers are said to have arrived in

Qadhafi to Create New Mobile Force To Assist Arab Nations Against U.S.

BEIRUT — Col. Moamer Qadhafi of Libya said Sunday that he has started building a U.S.-style rapid deployment force to resist intervention by the United States against Arab countries in the Gulf or elsewhere.

Col. Qadhafi was speaking at a celebration held in the desert town of Sebha to mark the return of Libyan troops from Chad. He said the new force would be made up of soldiers who fought against rebel forces in Chad's civil war. More than 4,000 Libyans are believed to have fought in Chad.

Tripoli Radio and monitored here, he said the Libyan rapid deployment force would "balance" U.S. force and would fight anywhere in the world for the sake of freedom. If the U.S. intervened in the Gulf, Col. Qadhafi said, the Libyan force would intervene "on the side of the Arab people in the Gulf."

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Another major issue is the involvement of outside forces. African diplomats who declined to be identified said that Saturday's communiqué was directed largely at Sudan, Mr. Habré's main backer. However, Libya and neighboring Cameroon are also interested in how Chad's lingering crisis unfolds.

Libya has demonstrated its ability to direct the course of events in Chad, first by its intervention and second by the speed of its withdrawal. Sudan did not restrain Mr. Habré's forces from occupying four eastern Chadian towns when the Libyans withdrew last month.

According to Western intelligence sources, Egyptian arms are being funneled through Sudan to Mr. Habré's units.

Qadhafi Vows to Stay Out
TRIPOLI, Libya (AP) — The Libyan leader, Col. Moamer Qadhafi, has declared that Libya will remain neutral if fighting breaks out again in Chad, the official JANA news agency reported Sunday.

These conclusions are presented by Elen Jones in an article in Strategic Review, a publication of the United States Strategic Institute, a nongovernmental organization. Ms. Jones, an analyst for the CIA, worked for the Defense Intelligence Agency in the past.

She says those who argue that Soviet military strength will be affected by manpower shortages overlook the ability of the Soviet Defense Ministry to maintain the yearly intake of conscripts at close to the current level.

Her conclusions are supported by intelligence analysts at NATO headquarters in Belgium, where the comparative reductions in the manpower reservoirs of the Warsaw Pact and NATO have been closely studied. The studies predict that the United States, Britain and West Germany will encounter manpower problems in the rest of this decade.

The Soviet problem as seen by Ms. Jones is that "over the next decade, the draft pool will decline by some 20 percent from its 1979 peak."

China Offers Compromise On UN Vote

Proposes to Split Term Of Secretary-General

By Bernard D. Nossiter
New York Times Service

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y. — China has tentatively proposed a compromise to settle the deadlocked race for UN secretary-general, suggesting that the next five-year term be divided between the incumbent, Kurt Waldheim of Austria, and Foreign Minister Salim A. Salim of Tanzania.

U.S. officials said Friday that Peking had informally sounded out Security Council members on several proposed compromises. One calls for Mr. Waldheim to be reappointed for two more years and for Mr. Salim to take over as secretary-general for the remaining three.

Both have struggled through 16 inconclusive ballots in the past month. China has vetoed Mr. Waldheim's bid for a third five-year term on every round and the United States has voted against Mr. Salim every time.

U.S. diplomats are skeptical of the split-term suggestion but regard it as an indication that China is uncomfortable with the deadlock and seeks some resolution. One Western council member said, however, that the four other permanent council members — the United States, Britain, France and the Soviet Union — had made it clear they would not accept a divided term.

Breach of Charter Feared
U.S. officials say they fear the Chinese proposal might breach the United Nations Charter, which empowers the council to nominate and the General Assembly to approve one, not two, secretaries-general.

These diplomats believe that no council or assembly could bind its successors. They acknowledge, however, that as a practical matter any deal made by the five permanent members would be difficult to undo.

Another objection, the diplomats say, is that they believe the moral authority that a secretary-general is supposed to have would be damaged by what they regard as a horse trade.

The Chinese have also suggested that a caretaker secretary-general fill the job until the council can agree, proposing Khawja Muhammad Kaiser, head of the Bangladesh mission.

The Chinese proposals and other matters will be discussed Monday by the council or its five members with veto power.

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Chinese Man Wins Bid to Enter 'Native' U.S.

Convicted of American Blood, He Spent 4 Years Trying to Prove Origin

By Jay Mathews
Washington Post Service

LOS ANGELES — A Chinese bricklayer who spent four years searching for the man he says is his American father has been granted permission to come to the United States.

Zheng Lianqun, 34, has been granted "humanitarian parole," an Immigration and Naturalization Service spokesman said Friday, after a search during which Mr. Zheng buttonholed nearly every American he could find in Peking. He finally escaped from China to Hong Kong.

The tall, freckle-faced, light-skinned Mr. Zheng is expected to be able to stay in the United States, a triumph coming to an effort to reach what he considers his native land armed with nothing but persistence, charm and an unusual story of being abandoned in China in 1947.

He won the official support of Rep. Patricia Schroeder, Democrat of Colorado, after an interview at Hong Kong's Victoria Prison, and has received backing from other officials as well.

"You can't help but be overwhelmed by his spirit," Rep. Schroeder said of Mr. Zheng, whom she met in Hong Kong while Hong Kong authorities were preparing to send him back to China. "When you see him, there is no question that he is part American."

Immigration authorities "kept telling us it's a bad precedent," she said, but she and other Congress members had an exception to be made.

The decision to admit Mr. Zheng, who is still in prison awaiting completion of paperwork, comes as a relief to State Department officials who have conducted several fruitless efforts to find documentation support for his story. His illegal trip to Hong Kong made them particularly uncomfortable since Hong Kong law now requires that all illegal immigrants be sent back.

Mr. Zheng said his father, an American Marine named George Lewis or Louis George, married his mother, a Tianjin mill worker named Li Shuzhen, in 1946. When his mother left to join her husband in San Diego in 1947, she left her 3-month-old baby to be sent for him later. Mr. Zheng said.

But after the Communist victory in China and the Korean War, Mr. Zheng said, his relatives burned all evidence of their American connection.

Mr. Zheng said in an interview in 1979 in Peking that he was not told that he had an American father until 1972, when President Richard M. Nixon visited Peking and official U.S.-China relations resumed.

Dozens of Letters
In 1977, he began a concerted effort to reach the United States and find his parents, writing dozens of letters to U.S. officials, visiting the U.S. Embassy in Peking many times and selling his blood at least nine times to hospitals to finance his search.

After he began his search, Mr. Zheng said he was denied admission to the Chinese Air Force and was no longer allowed to read special Communist Party bulletins circulated in his construction company because of his assumed but unproved foreign connection.

He continued to meet official U.S. visitors with a winning smile and a charm that even got him past the security guards at the Peking Hotel, who usually stop all unauthorized Chinese.

His search apparently became such an obsession that he tended to forget his wife and small child back in Tianjin. In 1980, his wife wrote to a Peking-based American reporter asking if he could find her husband and tell him to come home because their second child was about to be born. Mr. Zheng would be able to send for his wife and children after establishing residency in the United States.

In May, Mr. Zheng reached Hong Kong and went into hiding. According to Rep. Schroeder, a U.S. consular official helped persuade Mr. Zheng to turn himself into the Hong Kong authorities and then persuaded the same officials to hold him in Hong Kong until his case could be considered further in Washington.

Mr. Zheng is expected to continue his search for his parents, and while officials do not have great hope he will succeed they consider him lucky to get out at all. Officials in Hong Kong said Friday that Mr. Zheng would be allowed to leave as soon as U.S. authorities produce an airline ticket for him.

Untouchables' Conversion to Islam Spurs a Hindu Revival Movement

By Michael T. Kaufman
New York Times Service

NEW DELHI — A well-financed Hindu revival movement, with strong political implications, was started last month by religious and lay leaders whose efforts were spurred by the recent wave of conversions to Islam by communities of Hindu untouchables.

"There is no doubt that the conversions were the catalysts that triggered our movement," said Karam Singh, the president of the Greater Hindu Society, which is coordinating and financing the drive.

"What we want to do is to cleanse Hinduism of the last remnants of untouchability," continued Mr. Singh, referring to the lowest class of people in India, whose touch was regarded as defiling to higher caste Hindus, "but we also want to reassert the validity of the dominant culture of India, which is Hindu."

In India, where 80 percent of the population is Hindu, a succession

of governments since independence in 1947 has sought to curb religious nationalism in the name of secular development. As with previous attempts, Mr. Singh's movement is both widely appealing and highly explosive.

The scope of the movement's appeal was apparent last month when more than 300,000 people gathered in New Delhi for a rally to inaugurate the Greater Hindu Society, a coalition of existing religious and cultural groups. Even by New Delhi standards, where multitudes are often assembled to promote any number of causes, the turnout was impressive.

But if the central message was one of religious pride and a reaffirmation of Hinduism, the tactical emphasis was on eliminating prejudice against untouchables. Discrimination against untouchables has been banned by Indian laws since 1955, but it is still pervasive against a group that comprises 18 percent of the population.

Name Coined by Gandhi
Untouchables are called harijans, or children of God, a name coined by Gandhi in his campaign 50 years ago to remove the stigma of untouchability through religious changes and the nationalist struggle.

The vulnerability of untouchables was underscored last week when details emerged of the slaughter of 24 of them in the town of Deoli, 30 miles from New Delhi. The victims, including women and children, were shot and killed by upper-caste landowners who were incensed that some of their untouchable field laborers had testified in a court case against them.

Mr. Singh said that Hinduism had been able to shed practices that had lost their economic or symbolic rationale. He said untouchability now served no useful purpose, because the division of labor in India no longer demanded a reservoir of people for those jobs — among them shoemakers, handlers of the dead and toilet cleaners — that were the usual tasks of the untouchables.

Change of Attitudes Sought
Mr. Singh, a member of Parliament and a former Cabinet minister, said that while he was eager to bring an end to untouchability, he was not seeking any other modification of the caste system, which arrays thousands of groups in a hierarchy that has for more impact on social relations than does the Constitution or the laws of India.

Caste, Mr. Singh said, is too much a part of Indian consciousness to be eliminated. "It is on harijans that we want to change attitudes," he said. "Harijans must not only be tolerated but must be actively accepted and assimilated into the Hindu social structure."

Many untouchables are openly suspicious of the revival movement and its professed goal of embracing them. "They want to save us

from Islam, not from atrocities," said Ram Dhan, a former member of Parliament who heads a social action committee that defends the interests of what are called the depressed castes.

In addition to complaints that the Greater Hindu Society is patronizing in its approach, there is also considerable anxiety that by fostering Hindu identity, the revival movement may exacerbate religious tensions and erode the national commitment to secularism.

Mr. Singh said it was not his intent to curb trends toward a more worldly outlook, but he added that "it is almost as if people have become ashamed to call themselves Hindu." He said that developments in neighboring countries, where there has been a resurgence of Islam, "has also had an effect here."

Mr. Singh was asked whether he thought that the diffuseness of Hinduism made it difficult to use as a mobilizing ideology. He acknowledged that this amorphousness was both a strength and a weakness. But he insisted that movements to effect change had been successful in the past, listing the medieval revival led by Shankar Acharya that effectively repelled Buddhism. He also mentioned the turn-of-the-century religious changes by Aturobindo Ghose, or Sri Aurobindo, and Vivekananda, which nurtured the independence struggle.

There was also Gandhi's crusade which, while drawing communal support, relied heavily on Hindu symbolism. Mr. Singh said that in all those cases a charismatic figure was at the center, and he conceded that none was currently in sight.

Israelis Held In Protest to Back Arabs

By David K. Shipler
New York Times Service

JERUSALEM — About 50 Israeli demonstrators have been arrested by the army and ordered held for two days of interrogation after gathering in the occupied West Bank to protest the closing of the main Palestinian university in the area and the demolition of Arab homes.

Participants in the protest Saturday said that the army had reacted more harshly this time than it had previously to Jewish demonstrations.

The military governor of the Ramallah district, north of Jerusalem, closed the area, and soldiers at checkpoints reportedly took Jews off buses and out of taxis if they appeared to be headed for the demonstration. Reporters were also barred from the town of Ramallah, where the demonstration was held.

However, about 70 protesters, many affiliated with leftist Israeli political parties, managed to sneak into the town through back routes. They gathered in a main square and chanted slogans until troops fired tear gas and began making arrests.

Two women reportedly were hospitalized in Ramallah with injuries caused by flying objects. The demonstrators were protesting what they consider to be the toughening policies of Defense Minister Ariel Sharon. Mr. Sharon this month closed Bir Zeit University until January after several days of demonstrations by students supporting the Palestine Liberation Organization.

The group was also protesting the Israeli Army's tactic of blowing up homes belonging to the families of young Arabs suspected of being involved in disorders. Several such houses have been demolished in recent weeks after young family members reportedly confessed to throwing gasoline bombs and performing other violent acts.

Burma Is Set For Visit of U.S. Admiral

By Keyes Beech
Los Angeles Times Service

BANGKOK — The top U.S. military officer in the Pacific area will visit Burma in mid-December, possibly the strongest signal yet that Burma has softened its neutralist stance in favor of closer relations with the West.

Adm. Robert L. Long, the commander of U.S. forces in the Pacific, is scheduled to visit Rangoon Dec. 11 to 14, U.S. officials here have disclosed.

U.S. officials could not recall a single visit made to Burma, at least publicly, by a senior U.S. military officer within the last 30 years. The visit marks another step in a steady improvement of U.S.-Burmes relations after two decades of "Burmes isolation" and determined neutrality.

Ne Win Retains Power
The four-star admiral will probably meet with Gen. Ne Win, 70, the Burmese leader who recently stepped down because of failing health but still retains power, and other top officials including the new president, Gen. San Yu, 63.

It was Gen. Ne Win who seized power in a 1962 coup and turned Burma inward, shutting out virtually all foreign influence and enforcing a policy of strict neutrality between the Communist and anti-Communist camps.

The thaw in U.S.-Burmes relations coincides with the apparent mellowing of Gen. Ne Win, who during the last year has granted an amnesty to former political enemies and allies and then restored their civil rights.

Sources said that while the United States took the initiative in arranging Adm. Long's visit, the admiral was obviously welcome or he would not be going to Rangoon.

Soviet Setback
Although the United States has no vital interest in Burma, Adm. Long's visit is regarded as another diplomatic setback for the Soviet Union. A month ago, Burma agreed to accept \$30 million of agricultural aid from the United States while continuing to ignore Soviet aid offers.

Recently, Burma rejected a Soviet offer of 62 scholarships for Burmese students to study in the Soviet Union. Burmese leaders are also more than a little fed up with China, which continues to support Communist insurgents in northern Burma.

Relations between the United States and Burma went sour in the 1950s when the United States gave clandestine support to Chinese Nationalist troops who fled across the border from China after the Communist takeover in 1949 and threatened Burmes neutrality.

Zia Says Pakistan Will Encourage Private Business

The Associated Press

ISLAMABAD, Pakistan — President Mohammed Zia ul-Haq has declared that Pakistan will officially encourage private enterprise and that state-owned firms will no longer present unfair competition.

"Pakistan will continue to follow free politics of Islam, which promotes free enterprise and free competition for all those who are capable of doing something," he told an international economics conference on Saturday. "It is in this context that we are developing our economy."

Gen. Zia said that the debate as to whether Pakistan should have a totally private or public-sector economy has come to an end, adding that Pakistan's public sector would no longer hinder private-sector development, but instead would supplement it.

Gen. Zia's predecessor, Zulfikar Ali Bhutto, followed a policy of enlarging the public sector that he called "Islamic Socialism." In 1972, he nationalized 32 industrial units as well as Pakistani-owned banks, life-insurance companies, cooking-oil firms and shipping lines.

Lotte Lenya, 81, Dies in New York; Star of German and U.S. Theater

By John Rockwell
New York Times Service

NEW YORK — Lotte Lenya, 81, a star of the German and American stage and films who championed the music of her husband, Kurt Weill, died in the Manhattan apartment of a friend Friday evening.

Miss Lenya first attracted widespread attention in the 1928 Berlin production of Bertolt Brecht's and Weill's "Threepenny Opera," and her fame was confirmed in the film version of 1931.

Her stage career in the United States was limited until after Weill's death in 1950. But with the 1954 off-Broadway revival of "The Threepenny Opera" she became a noted figure in America, subsequently appearing in numerous works of both Weill and Brecht as well as supervising and singing in a series of Weill recordings that inspired the present-day re-evaluation of his work. She also made a name for herself, independently of Weill, winning a Tony Award for her performance in "Cabaret" on Broadway and an Oscar for the film "The Roman Spring of Mrs. Stone."

By the late 1950s, Miss Lenya had become a symbol of the spirit, toughness and insouciance of Germany between the world wars. She and "The Threepenny Opera" properly came to represent all that was bright, glittering, sharp and trenchant about the art and the popular culture of Weimar Berlin.

As a singer, Miss Lenya had her distinct technical limitations, especially in her later years, when she lowered the pitch and approximated the line of Weill's songs. In a review in The New York Times, Harold C. Schonberg described her voice as one that "could sandpaper sandpaper." But through her shaky faltings, or perhaps even because of them, she projected an individuality, a vulnerability and a defiance that her more technically adroit successors were hard put to match.

Born in Austria

Lotte Lenya, whose original name was Karoline Blumauer, was born on Oct. 18, 1900, in Penzing, a working-class suburb of Vienna. Her mother was a landlady and her father one of the city's coachmen. During World War I, she was sent to live with an aunt in Zurich. She took dance classes in the local City Theater and joined its corps de ballet, "Lotte Lenya," a stage name derived from her nickname, Lenja, and she preferred to be called Lenja or Lenya by her friends.

In 1920, she went to Berlin, then the theatrical capital of the German-speaking world, and joined a small company devoted to Shakespeare. She became a protégée of the German playwright Georg

Kaiser and his wife, and it was through them, in 1924, that she met Weill. She was asked by Kaiser to row across a lake and pick up the composer, who was a houseguest. Miss Lenya asked how she would recognize him. The answer was, "All composers look alike." A romance developed between the two, and they were married in 1926.

The first Brecht-Weill collaboration was the short "Soggy Spiel," now known as "Little Mahagonny," in which Miss Lenya had a part. Composed for the 1927 Baden-Baden Festival of avant-garde music, it had a controversial success and led to their work on "The Threepenny Opera."

The anecdotes surrounding the premiere of that work, at the Theater-am-Schiffbauerdamm on Aug. 31, 1928, have passed into theatrical history. The performance was preceded by a temper tantrum by Weill, who had noticed the omission of his wife's name from the program. "Fifty," he cried. "This is a party. My wife won't go on! I won't allow it." Miss Lenya later said she calmed him by saying, "They'll know who I am tomorrow."

They did. "The Threepenny Opera," with its blend of classical formalism, jazz atmosphere and defiantly proletarian simplicity, became the hit of Europe. It ran for five years in Berlin until 1933, and was produced all over Germany and the rest of the Western world. Altogether, by one estimate, it received about 4,000 performances in 120 productions.

Emigrated to U.S.

She subsequently appeared in the expanded, operatic version of "Mahagonny," "The Rise and Fall of the City of Mahagonny," and in a piece called "Song of Hoboken" in 1932. When the Nazis came to power, she and Weill, who was Jewish, emigrated to Paris, where Brecht and Weill composed their only work written specifically for her, the drama-ballet "The Seven Deadly Sins." In 1935, she and Weill came to New York.

When Weill died in 1950 she was in a state of deep desolation. "When he died, I wanted to crawl into a hole and never come out," she said.

But the next year Miss Lenya was remarried to George Davis, an editor, who died in 1957. Spurred by his strong encouragement, she resumed her career and began restoring Weill's work to public consciousness. It was a task that became a mission, and it took up most of the rest of her life.

That mission began with a concert performance in early 1951 at Town Hall of "The Threepenny Opera." Later that year Miss Lenya returned to the stage, appearing as Socrates' wife in Maxwell Anderson's "Barefoot in

Atheos"; Anderson had been a close collaborator and friend of Weill. But it was not until the Carmen Capalbo staging of Marc Blitzstein's adaptation of "The Threepenny Opera" opened at the Theater de Lys in Greenwich Village in 1954 that Miss Lenya's U.S. career was under way in earnest. The show was such a hit that, after it was forced to close because of a previous booking at the theater, it reopened there the next year and ran for nearly seven years, with Miss Lenya coming in and out of the cast.

From the mid-1950s, Miss Lenya led a full-scale revival of Weill's European work. She appeared in many productions, including a highly praised staging by the New York City Ballet of "The Seven Deadly Sins"; she made a series of recordings for Columbia Masterworks, and she also worked in the cause of Brecht, in the show "Brecht on Brecht," which toured widely.

Gradually, Miss Lenya's career apart from Weill began to blossom although she tended to be typecast as a symbol of Weimar Germany. In 1966 she appeared as Fräulein Schneider in "Cabaret." Her films, apart from "The Roman Spring of Mrs. Stone," included "From Russia With Love," Roman Polanski's "What?!" and "Semi-Tough."

Miss Lenya enjoyed playing parts not written by her first husband. "When I do a film that has nothing to do with Kurt Weill, then I am happy, I am on my own," she said. "But in a Kurt Weill work I am as nervous as a cat. A burden falls on my shoulders. I feel a crushing responsibility." "I've been the widow of Kurt Weill," she added in 1966. "Now I'm me!"

Miss Lenya's third husband, the painter Russell Detweiler, died in 1969. In her later years she remained active, overseeing Weill productions.



Lotte Lenya ... in 1961

Sophie Gimbel, 83, Is Dead, Was U.S. Fashion Designer

New York Times Service

NEW YORK — Sophie Gimbel, 83, an American designer for almost 40 years, died Saturday of a heart attack.

Ms. Gimbel, who was known professionally as Sophie of Saks Fifth Avenue until her retirement in 1969, was the widow of Adam Gimbel, president of Saks Fifth Avenue from 1926 to 1969. She was known more for the elegance of her clothes than for design innovation, although she is credited with popularizing the culotte or divided skirt. In the 1940s she sold more clothes than any other American designer, with the possible exception of Hattie Carnegie.

Charles Edward Toberman, LOS ANGELES (LAT) — Charles Edward Toberman, 101, whose development of such landmarks as Grauman's Chinese and Egyptian theaters and the Hollywood Roosevelt Hotel earned him the unofficial title of "Mr. Hollywood," died Friday at his home.

A multimillionaire who promoted, negotiated and sometimes financed development of the west

side of Los Angeles, Mr. Toberman also was president of the Hollywood Bowl Association.

Max Erwe

AMSTERDAM (AP) — Max Erwe, 80, former world chess champion and former president of FIDE, the world chess federation, died of a heart attack Thursday night. He became the Dutch chess champion in 1921, and in 1935 he captured the world title, defeating Alexander Aljeckine, an exiled Russian grand master. Two years later Mr. Aljeckine recaptured the title, and Mr. Erwe never reached the top again.

Sylvester C. Smith Jr.

WEST ORANGE, N.J. (AP) — Sylvester C. Smith Jr., 87, president of the American Bar Association in 1962, died Thursday.

Braswell Dean Sr.

ALMA, Ga. (AP) — Braswell Dean Sr., 88, a U.S. congressman from 1933 to 1939, died in an automobile accident Saturday.

Starting December 3, Chase will pay you even more to bank in the U.S.A.

It's a new world for international banking. Chase will now pay new higher rates on time deposits in the U.S. Rates more competitive with money markets around the world. Corporations, banks and individuals located outside the U.S. are all eligible.

Thanks to time differences, we can even make your business day a little longer. So you can squeeze every drop of earning power from the money you hold.

And having another place to spread your risk never hurts. Chase International Banking Facilities are located in New York, Miami, Houston and Los Angeles. They'll accept your deposits in U.S. dollars and other selected currencies. Regulations require substantial interest penalty for early withdrawal and a minimum deposit of \$100,000 for corporations and individuals.

That's the big picture. For all the details, call your Chase relationship manager and ask for our International Banking Facilities Bulletin. Or call Samuel Preston in New York at 212-552-4949. Now, more than ever, time is money. And in the race against time, the Chase is on.

The Chase is on.

Natalie Wood Found Dead off California Coast

The Associated Press

SANTA CATALINA ISLAND, Calif. — The body of actress Natalie Wood, 43, who starred in such films as "West Side Story" and "Cypsy," was found floating Sunday in the ocean off Santa Catalina Island, sheriff's deputies said.

The actress, who apparently drowned, was found near an inflatable boat 200 yards from shore af-

ter a seven-hour search by the harbor patrol and lifeguards, Los Angeles County sheriff's deputies said.

"She went out in the boat by herself and slipped off or fell off or jumped off. She was found floating just beneath the surface next to the boat," a county lifeguard official said.

Miss Wood, on location for a film, had apparently gone ashore

with friends to visit the Isthmus Cove area near the northern end of the island, officials said. Doug Bombard, the harbor director, said Miss Wood apparently was returning to the yacht owned by her husband, actor Robert Wagner, aboard a power-driven inflatable boat.

Mr. Bombard, who pulled her body from the water, said no injuries were apparent and the boat

was not damaged. "As to what happened, it's all really speculative at this point," he said. "The motor may have failed and she drifted, or she could have gone off course. We don't really know."

The boat and the body were found about 100 yards apart a half-mile from the yacht in an area facing sheer cliffs on the island, which is 26 miles (42 kilometers) southwest of Los Angeles. A lifeguard said currents from the cove would likely have carried the inflatable boat to that area if its motor had failed in the 200 yards between the shore and the yacht.

Miss Wood was nominated for Academy Awards for her roles in "Rebel Without a Cause" (1955), "Splendor in the Grass" (1961) and "Love With the Proper Stranger" (1964). She was perhaps best known for her role in the movie versions of two Broadway musicals — as Maria in "West Side Story" (1961) and as the stripper Gypsy Rose Lee in "Cypsy" (1963).

Miss Wood, who was born Natasha Gurdin in San Francisco in 1938, began acting when a Hollywood company hired her and her mother as extras on location filming. At 4 she got a film role in "Tomorrow is Forever," released in 1946. The next year, she played the role of the child in "Miracle on 34th Street," a popular Christmas film.

Her other movies included "Bob and Carol and Ted and Alice," "Sex and the Single Girl" and "Marjorie Morningstar." Her television appearances included Sir Laurence Olivier's production of "Cat on a Hot Tin Roof" with Mr. Wagner, for which she received an Emmy nomination.

She was married twice to Mr. Wagner. The first marriage lasted five years, from 1957 to 1962. After her marriage to Richard Gregson in 1969 ended in divorce, she remarried Mr. Wagner in 1972. He had also remarried and divorced in the interim.

Miss Wood and Mr. Wagner had a 7-year-old daughter; she also had an 11-year-old daughter by her second marriage.

"We had each other in our youth," Miss Wood once remarked of her relationship with Mr. Wagner, "and now we have each other in our prime."

The actress was on Catalina for the filming of the Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer film "Brainstorm," a publicist said. Miss Wood had been scheduled to appear in February in the title role of "Anastasia" at the Los Angeles Music Center.

Train Kills 5 in Yugoslavia

The Associated Press

BELGRADE — Five persons were killed on Friday when their car was struck by a train near Bosnia, Novi in western Yugoslavia, the Tanjug news agency reported on Saturday.

Study Finds Eating Greens May Cut Lung Cancer Risk

The Associated Press

LONDON — Eating carrots and dark-green leafy vegetables such as spinach may reduce the risk of lung cancer in men who smoke cigarettes, a U.S. research team has reported in the weekly British medical journal The Lancet. There is no evidence, however, that such vegetables affect the risk of other serious diseases related to smoking, the researchers said.

Jeremiah Stamler of Northwestern University in Illinois and his fellow researchers studied 2,107 men, aged 40 to

55, over a 19-year period beginning in 1957. The men were all employees of Western Electric Co. in Chicago.

The researchers concluded that a diet "relatively high" in substances that can be converted to vitamin A "may reduce risk of cancer even among persons who have smoked cigarettes for many years."

They examined the diet, health and other activities of randomly selected workers at Western Electric from October, 1957, to December, 1958, and did follow-up studies over the

next 19 years. They found that most cancers occurred in heavy smokers with a diet low in carotenes — substances in plants that can be converted into vitamin A — and that the cancers were comparatively rare in heavy smokers who ate a lot of carotenes.

Their findings also supported earlier research showing that the risk of lung cancer depends much more strongly on the number of years a person has smoked than on either age or the number of cigarettes smoked each day.

U.S. Medfly Officials Fear Sabotage

By Wayne King
New York Times Service

SAN FRANCISCO — California's troubled war against the tenacious Mediterranean fruit fly once appears to be plagued by a perverse new enemy, a so-called "Johnny Medfly," a person who clandestinely slips dead flies into detection traps as false evidence of infestation.

Officials of the Medfly Eradication Project are convinced that one or possibly all of three September finds south of San Francisco, which alarmed entomologists battling the destructive bug, were planted either by an irresponsible prankster or someone trying to sabotage the eradication effort.

"There is compelling evidence that someone is salting or planting flies in the traps," said Roger Blake, a spokesman for the project, in a telephone interview from the Medfly Project headquarters in Los Gatos.

At the same time, Mr. Blake and other project officials concede that while some recent finds may be hoaxes, others do not appear to be, and all evidence points to a real and continuing infestation.

According to project officials, three fly finds in September are now regarded as suspicious. "One we're almost positive was a salting," Mr. Blake said, "and one we regard as probable." But he said the third was unlikely.

with an attractant called a pheromone and the bottom is coated with a sticky substance. "Normally a fly gets into the stickum and sinks down to its kneecaps, so to speak," Mr. Blake said. "It struggles, and the substance gets on its wings and back."

But in this case, he said, the fly

Friends Send Note Backing Sakharov

The Associated Press

MOSCOW — Sixteen friends of Andrei D. Sakharov have sent a declaration to the Soviet parliament calling for certain conditions to be met for the dissident leader to call off a hunger strike begun Nov. 22.

The declaration asked Soviet officials to permit Lisa Alexeyeva to leave the country. Miss Alexeyeva, 26, was married by proxy last year in Montana to Alexei Semeyenov, who is the son of Mr. Sakharov's wife, Yelena Bonner, by a previous marriage. Mr. Sakharov is protesting authorities' refusal to allow Miss Alexeyeva to join Mr. Semeyenov in the United States.

The declaration, handed to Western correspondents Saturday, also asked Soviet officials to allow Mr. Sakharov to leave the city of Gorki, where he was sent into internal exile in January of last year. It warned that Mr. Sakharov and Miss Bonner are "sick people, and a hunger strike, if it drags on, can lead to their death."

was simply stuck on the surface with no indication that it had struggled. Its dry condition indicated that it was dead before it was placed in the trap, and a crimped wing suggested the use of forceps or tweezers.

A similar find in Santa Clara involving "a really desiccated sterile fly," according to Mr. Blake, was such that entomologists were "pretty sure someone put it in there."

However, the circumstances surrounding another find in San Mateo County, near the town of Loma Mar, in late September, were considerably more ambiguous, he said. In that case, six sterile flies were found in the same trap along with one wild fertile female fly.

Highly Unusual

Although the condition of the flies suggested they were alive when they got into the trap, it was regarded as highly unusual to find so many in one trap at this time of year.

At the same time, he said, "If somebody planted them, they had to be really good. They would have had to go to Hawaii to get a wild fly," or raise one or more from contaminated fruit.

Later finds, one on Nov. 8 and another on Nov. 20, did not appear suspicious. Despite such setbacks, raising the specter of an infestation next spring much larger than expected, Mr. Blake said that project officials are optimistic that the fly will be eradicated by late summer.

New Engines for Old 727s May Ground Boeing Orders

By Thomas C. Hayes New York Times Service Commercial airlines' growing interest in putting new engines on aging aircraft is causing some anxious moments for the Boeing Co.

The dominant U.S. aircraft manufacturer is investing heavily in jetliners intended to replace the 727-200, the plane being considered for overhaul by some U.S. airlines.

By all accounts, the Boeing 727-200, the biggest-selling commercial jet, will be the next model taken in for an overhaul.

Although the re-engineing of old jets could bloom into a \$15-billion business for manufacturers, Boeing, for one, is not enthusiastic.

The company's fear, according to industry sources, is that every \$13 million spent by an airline retrofitting a 727 could mean the loss of an order for a \$22-million 737 or a \$28-million 757.

T.A. Wilson, Boeing's chairman and chief executive, is clearly cool to retrofitting. In a recent speech, Mr. Wilson said that "it makes no economic sense to modernize" most existing passenger airplanes.

But, in a conversation with reporters, Mr. Wilson deflected a question about Boeing's position on retrofitting. He said, however, that demand for retrofitting was unclear and noted that only American Airlines has demonstrated interest in replacing the engines on its 727s.

Delta, for example, prefers development of a new generation of 150-seat planes for the late 1980s to extending the life of the 727s. But Delta, which is having 13 DC-8-

61s retrofitted by McDonnell Douglas, is one of the few airlines that can afford the new plane, analysts said.

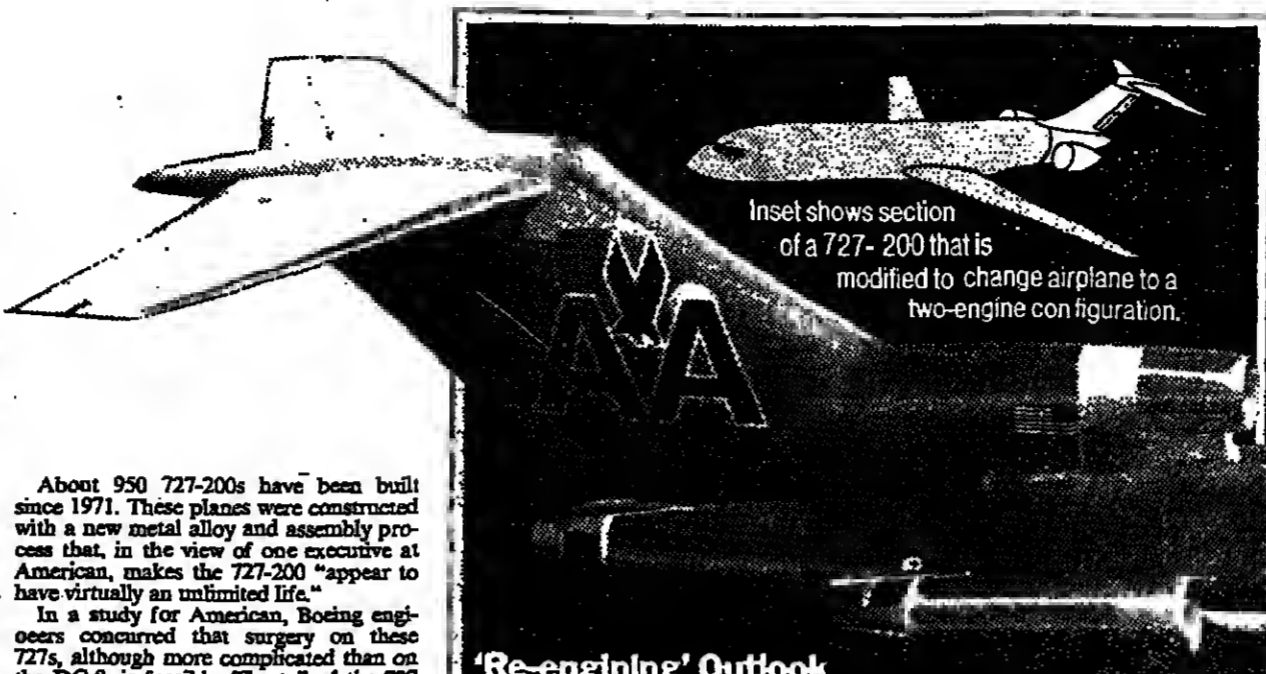
Mr. Wilson indicated that Boeing also does not want to exert manpower to re-engineing the 727. "Our plants are busy" with production of the new 767s, which seat 208 passengers, and 757s, he said. He added that the airlines' troubles have resulted in a drop in orders for the new planes this fall.

Both versions match the 37,000 pounds of thrust on today's 727-200s, while consuming about 30 percent less fuel. That is crucial for the airlines. The price of jet fuel has risen to more than \$1 a gallon this year from an average of 27¢ in 1976.

A transformed 727 could be in operation by 1985, if Boeing and American go ahead with the project next year. The plane also would be "stretched" by five feet, allowing American to add two rows, or 12 seats, for a new passenger capacity of 156.

Mr. Demisch noted: "The airlines aren't saving money by buying oow airplanes. The new aircraft simply cost too much to justify."

That is one reason why American, which counts 125 727s among its passenger fleet of 221 airplanes, is seriously looking at retrofitting. It has 83 727-200s.



'Re-engineing' Outlook For McDonnell-Douglas and Boeing. Table comparing McDonnell-Douglas and Boeing re-engineing programs. Includes columns for McDonnell-Douglas and Boeing, with sub-columns for Boeing 737, Boeing 757, and Boeing 767. Rows include: Planes Eligible, For Engine Replacement, Cost per Engine Replacement, Potential Engine Replacement Market, Engine Replacement Orders, NEW PLANES, Firm Orders, Options, and Approximate Value.

U.S. Officials Feud Over Export Units

By Thomas O'Toole Washington Post Service WASHINGTON — Budget Director David Stockman and Commerce Secretary Malcolm Baldrige are involved in a behind-the-scenes battle over an attempt to eliminate three Commerce Department offices that promote the export of U.S.-made goods, particularly aircraft and nuclear power plants.

"These services are out like an Erector set that one can fool around with on the living-room floor and quickly build up again," Mr. Baldrige told Mr. Stockman on Nov. 17 in an angry memo.

"After 30 years of international business experience, I understand what the consequences of such actions would be and there is no way I can go along with the recommendations."

"Very Useful Source" In a Nov. 12 memo, the budget director said he wanted Mr. Baldrige to eliminate the Commerce Department's Office of Export Development, the Bureau of Industrial Economics and the Foreign Commercial Service.

"The Foreign Commercial Service is consistently a very useful source of information and assistance to the American business community," a Washington representative of a major U.S. corporation said.

"You sent your memorandum over on Thursday, giving us the weekend to reply to extremely far-reaching recommendations," Mr. Baldrige starts out, "and leaving us with the impression that they were perfunctory at best."

"When the president asked me to take this job," Mr. Baldrige goes on, "we agreed that the department had to be strengthened in the areas of trade and economic affairs. Our conversations then and since have not implied either the status quo or weakening in these areas."

Previous Cuts Cited Of the other branches Mr. Stockman wanted to eliminate, the Bureau of Industrial Economics analyzes export trends and the Office of Export Development helps to promote the export of U.S.-built technological goods such as aircraft and nuclear-power plants.

Mr. Baldrige told Mr. Stockman he could not subscribe to the elimination of any of these offices. Besides, Mr. Baldrige said, the

Commerce Department had already absorbed what he said were the deepest budget cuts of any department in the federal government.

"We have already agreed to cuts that will take the Commerce Department 48 percent below the Carter 1982 budget," Mr. Baldrige said. "Our revised 1984 budget is 58 percent lower than the 1981 level even after recessions and deferrals were applied. This is more than any other Cabinet department has done."

"With regard to the remainder of your recommendations, I protest in the strongest terms most of the cuts below our revised request. These recommended levels are unacceptable."

Rise in Debt Of East Bloc Cited in Study

GENEVA — Eastern Europe may owe more than \$80 billion to Western countries and Japan by the end of 1981, the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe said Sunday.

The debt, most of it incurred by East European countries other than the Soviet Union, is estimated to have risen from \$54 billion in 1979 and \$73 billion last year, the commission said in a review of East-West trade.

The commission, which promotes trade and an exchange of economic information between Europe, the United States and Canada, said the pattern of East-West trade had changed since the early 1970s, with Eastern Europe importing more food and exporting more oil and natural gas.

Fewer Loans It said East European state enterprises appeared to have taken out fewer new loans in 1981 when record interest rates in many Western countries added to their debt burden, leading them to draw from their foreign exchange reserves instead.

The report made no mention of individual countries' debts or of recent moves by Poland's western creditors to restructure its debts, estimated now at \$25.7 billion.

It said the Eastern European countries had managed to break out of their post-war austerity period through loans, gold sales and improved terms of trade. The commission said periods when they took out fewer loans were often associated with an increase in gold sales, mostly by the Soviet Union.

Western agricultural exports to the Soviet Union rose from 14.3 percent of total exports in 1971-75 to 18 percent last year while to other Eastern bloc countries they went up from 9.4 percent to 16 percent over the same period.

Oil, natural gas and other energy imported by the West rose from 43 percent of all imports to 66 percent last year.

Traveling on Business Can Take Large Toll

By David Diamond New York Times Service PHILADELPHIA — Seven men, some sitting alone, are at the U-shaped bar in the Philadelphia Centre Hotel. A pianist plays "Fly Me to the Moon," as the marketing manager for a multinational company based in Cleveland says that traveling 30 percent of his time is not only "unglamorous" but full of special problems.

Heidrick & Struggles Inc., an executive recruiting firm, polled the chief international officers of 250 major corporations last year and calculated that the average international officer took 10 overseas trips a year, averaging to 114,500 miles per executive. The rest of the available data is generally culled from company expense reports. For instance, at the Sun Co., a diversified energy concern, some 6,000 employees traveled a total of 60 million miles last year and spent 120,000 nights in hotels.

Despite such movement by businessmen, few companies have enacted programs aimed at either reducing the need for travel or preventing problems that travel causes. Some companies make it a policy to at least ease the burden of travel. At Lavenith & Horwath, a national accounting firm with headquarters in Philadelphia, employees who are away from home for more than a week can on a case-by-case basis fly home for the weekend, or even make it a four-day

Increased Offerings Take Edge Off Bond Rally

By William Ellington AP-Dow Jones LONDON — Short-term interest rates have declined for five weeks in a row, bringing the rate for one-month dollar deposits in London down by 4 percentage points to 11.75 percent offered.

National Westminster Bank's \$100 million, 10-year bond issue was priced at par bearing 14.75 percent. Its aftermarket quote was 100-100.5.

Although the West German central capital markets subcommittee approved a 1.2-billion-DM calendar of offerings over the next two to three weeks, market bond prices held up well and finished the week with gains.

This decline has caused an impressive rally in the international dollar bond market. However, the upturn has all but come to a halt over the past two weeks. Bond yields, which move inversely with prices, were only marginally lower Friday than they were two weeks earlier.

A syndicate led by Daiwa Europe Ltd. is floating a \$80-million, 15-year convertible Eurobond issue of Mitsubishi Electric, the first large Japanese convertible issue to reach the market since September, when the sector fell into disarray. The issue is expected to be priced at par bearing 5.75 percent. A 5- to 6-percent conversion premium is anticipated.

Currently under way via Deutsche Bank and its associates is a 250-million-DM, 10-year World Bank issue at par bearing 10 percent. A syndicate led by Bayerische Vereinsbank is floating a 150-million-DM, five-year note issue for the Austrian export credit agency, Oesterreichische Kontrollbank, at par bearing 9.75 percent.

Blunting the rally has been a fairly large supply of offerings. So far this month, 23 fixed-rate dollar bond issues totaling about \$2.3 billion have been announced or floated. The volume of offerings appears to have been sufficient to satisfy the increase in demand.

In the Canadian dollar sector, a seven-year note issue of PanCanadian Petroleum Ltd., the largest subsidiary of Canadian Pacific Enterprises, was increased to 65 million Canadian dollars from 50 million. The issue was priced at par bearing 16.50 percent instead of 16.625 percent indicated at first.

In addition, Deutsche Bank is managing a 50-million-DM, five-year note issue for a Norwegian company, Ardal og Sunddal Verk, with an indicated 10-percent coupon.

Over the week, three-month London dollar deposit rates declined by 75 basis points but the 12-month rate declined by only six basis points. The "stickiness" of longer period rates suggests that market participants foresee higher interest rates ahead, analysts say.

Despite the change in terms in favor of the borrower, the issue was quoted at 99-99.5 in the aftermarket.

The warm reception may have encouraged GMAC of Canada to seek a considerably lower interest rate. In any case, GMAC of Canada announced plans to float a 50-million-Canadian-dollar, five-year note issue at 99.5 bearing 16 percent to yield 16.15 percent through a syndicate led by Societe Generale.

Meanwhile, Finnish Export Credit, an agency owned by the Finnish government as well as by Finnish banks and industrial companies, is floating a \$30-million, five-year note issue at 99 bearing 14.75 percent to yield 15.05 percent through a syndicate led by Morgan Stanley International. The issue has been rated triple-A by Standard & Poor's.

Market Turnover Week Ended Nov. 27 (Millions of U.S. Dollars) Total 3,749.8 2,963.0 Non-dollar 786.5 Eurodollar 6,511.1 6,221.0

ARMORED VEHICLES Italian company specialized in armored vehicles for civil, police and military use seeks representatives for European, African and Middle East areas.

A syndicate led by S.G. Warburg priced a \$150 million, seven-year Swedish government note issue at 97.5 bearing 14.5 percent to yield 14.86 percent at maturity. The yield was about the same as indicated initially by the manager but the coupon rate was raised by a quarter point.

Amount outstanding: 'A' Bonds U.S. \$5,600,000 'B' Bonds U.S. \$1,400,000

ARMORED VEHICLES Italian company specialized in armored vehicles for civil, police and military use seeks representatives for European, African and Middle East areas.

In aftermarket trading, the issue was quoted at 96.88-97.38, suggesting less than an enthusiastic reception. The underwriting arrangements allow the managers to sell an additional \$250 million of the same notes at negotiated prices by the end of next June.

Previously drawn and outstanding Bonds none.

ARMORED VEHICLES Italian company specialized in armored vehicles for civil, police and military use seeks representatives for European, African and Middle East areas.

Among other issues to be priced was a \$100-million, eight-year note issue of the Province of Quebec. It was quoted Friday at 99-99.50 after being priced at par bearing 15.25 percent.

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W. German Steel Firms Uniting to Forge Profit

By John Tagliabue New York Times Service BONN — In the West German steel industry, history seems to be trying to repeat itself. In 1926 several of Germany's biggest steelmakers, hard-pressed by the collapse of the German economy after World War I, banded together in a cartel. It survived until the Allies dismembered it after World War II.

Now West Germany's steelmakers — among the most profitable in Europe until the mid-1970s — are losing money. To stop the slide, the country's No. 2 and No. 3 steel producers have obtained Bonn's blessing to explore ways of combining their operations. A new steelmaking giant may result.

Chief Rohweder, chairman of the proposed combination, has also asked the companies to examine the feasibility of bringing in a third partner, the steelmaking arm of the state-owned company, Salzgitter.

With the steel industry in decline, however, Hoesch took less than half the planned 1 million tons a year, and the German company's mounting losses made Dutch labor unions restless. Estel's executive committee has begun to consider breaking up the joint operation. Next month Otto Lamsdorff, the West German finance minister, is scheduled to meet his Dutch counterpart, Jan Terlouw, to discuss details of a "divorce."

Labor leaders have expressed doubt that combining losers can make a winner. At a recent meeting of metal workers in Dortmund, the proposal was assailed as a "marriage of elephants" by union officials. They fear a further loss of jobs.

West Germany long held up its steel industry as a model for the rest of Europe. Sensing deep shifts in the industry, however, the big West German steel producers began diversifying in the 1970s into such areas as machine production and plant construction. With a

"Size alone is not a concept," said Rudolf Judith, the steel industry expert at I.G. Metall, the metal workers' union.

With the steel industry in decline, however, Hoesch took less than half the planned 1 million tons a year, and the German company's mounting losses made Dutch labor unions restless. Estel's executive committee has begun to consider breaking up the joint operation. Next month Otto Lamsdorff, the West German finance minister, is scheduled to meet his Dutch counterpart, Jan Terlouw, to discuss details of a "divorce."

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CURRENCY RATES

Table showing interbank exchange rates for Nov. 27, 1981, excluding bank service charges. Columns include currency type (e.g., U.S., S.M., S.P., S.F., S.H., S.C.), rate, and source.

Gold Fixing at the Luxembourg Stock Exchange Daily at 10:30 a.m. local time. For your convenience, gold fixing "à la carte" in US\$ per ounce troy fine and in Francs per kilogram bar. Business is brisk and more than twenty members of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange now actively concur in making Luxembourg one of the leading no problem markets for gold buying and selling.

International Bond Prices - Week of Nov. 26

Provided by White Weld Securities, London; a Division of Financiere Credit Suisse - First Boston

RECENT ISSUES

Amnt	Security	Yield	Price	Life	Cur
100	10 1/2% 1981 Nov	10.50	101.14	10/1/81	10/1/81
100	10 1/2% 1981 Nov	10.50	101.14	10/1/81	10/1/81
100	10 1/2% 1981 Nov	10.50	101.14	10/1/81	10/1/81
100	10 1/2% 1981 Nov	10.50	101.14	10/1/81	10/1/81
100	10 1/2% 1981 Nov	10.50	101.14	10/1/81	10/1/81

STRAIGHT BONDS

All Currencies Except DM

Amnt	Security	Yield	Price	Life	Cur
100	Australia 10 1/2% 1981 Nov	10.50	101.14	10/1/81	10/1/81
100	Australia 10 1/2% 1981 Nov	10.50	101.14	10/1/81	10/1/81
100	Australia 10 1/2% 1981 Nov	10.50	101.14	10/1/81	10/1/81
100	Australia 10 1/2% 1981 Nov	10.50	101.14	10/1/81	10/1/81
100	Australia 10 1/2% 1981 Nov	10.50	101.14	10/1/81	10/1/81

Amnt	Security	Yield	Price	Life	Cur
100	Canada 10 1/2% 1981 Nov	10.50	101.14	10/1/81	10/1/81
100	Canada 10 1/2% 1981 Nov	10.50	101.14	10/1/81	10/1/81
100	Canada 10 1/2% 1981 Nov	10.50	101.14	10/1/81	10/1/81
100	Canada 10 1/2% 1981 Nov	10.50	101.14	10/1/81	10/1/81
100	Canada 10 1/2% 1981 Nov	10.50	101.14	10/1/81	10/1/81

HIGHEST YIELDS

to Average Life Below 5 Years

Security	Yield
Canada 10 1/2% 1981 Nov	10.50
USA 10 1/2% 1981 Nov	10.50
UK 10 1/2% 1981 Nov	10.50

HIGHEST YIELDS

to Average Life Above 5 Years

Security	Yield
Canada 10 1/2% 1981 Nov	10.50
USA 10 1/2% 1981 Nov	10.50
UK 10 1/2% 1981 Nov	10.50

HIGHEST CURRENT YIELDS

Security	Yield
Canada 10 1/2% 1981 Nov	10.50
USA 10 1/2% 1981 Nov	10.50
UK 10 1/2% 1981 Nov	10.50

DM STRAIGHT BONDS

Security	Yield
Germany 10 1/2% 1981 Nov	10.50
France 10 1/2% 1981 Nov	10.50
UK 10 1/2% 1981 Nov	10.50

(Continued on Page 10)

This announcement appears as a matter of record only. October 28, 1981



European Investment Bank

45,000,000 ECUs
14 1/4% 1981-1989 Bonds
With Warrants to Purchase 45,000,000 ECUs
14% 1981-1986 Notes

Banque Nationale de Paris
Algemene Bank Nederland N.V.
Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A.

Banque Générale du Luxembourg S.A.
Banque Internationale à Luxembourg S.A.
Crédit Commercial de France
Dai-ichi Kangyo International Limited
Kredietbank International Group.

Banque de l'Indochine et de Suez
Caisse des Dépôts et Consignations
Crédit Lyonnais
Goldman Sachs International Corp.
Société Générale de Banque S.A.

Banca Commerciale Italiana
Banca del Gottardo
Bank Gutzwiller, Kurz, Buegener (Overseas) Limited
Banque Ippa S.A.
Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas
Banque Worms
pour le Grand-Duché de Luxembourg
Bayerische Hypothek- und Wechsel-Bank AG
Berliner Handels- und Frankfurter Bank
Caisse d'Epargne de l'Etat
Crédit Communal de Belgique
Crédit Industriel d'Alsace et de Lorraine
Crédit Industriel et Commercial
Crédit du Nord
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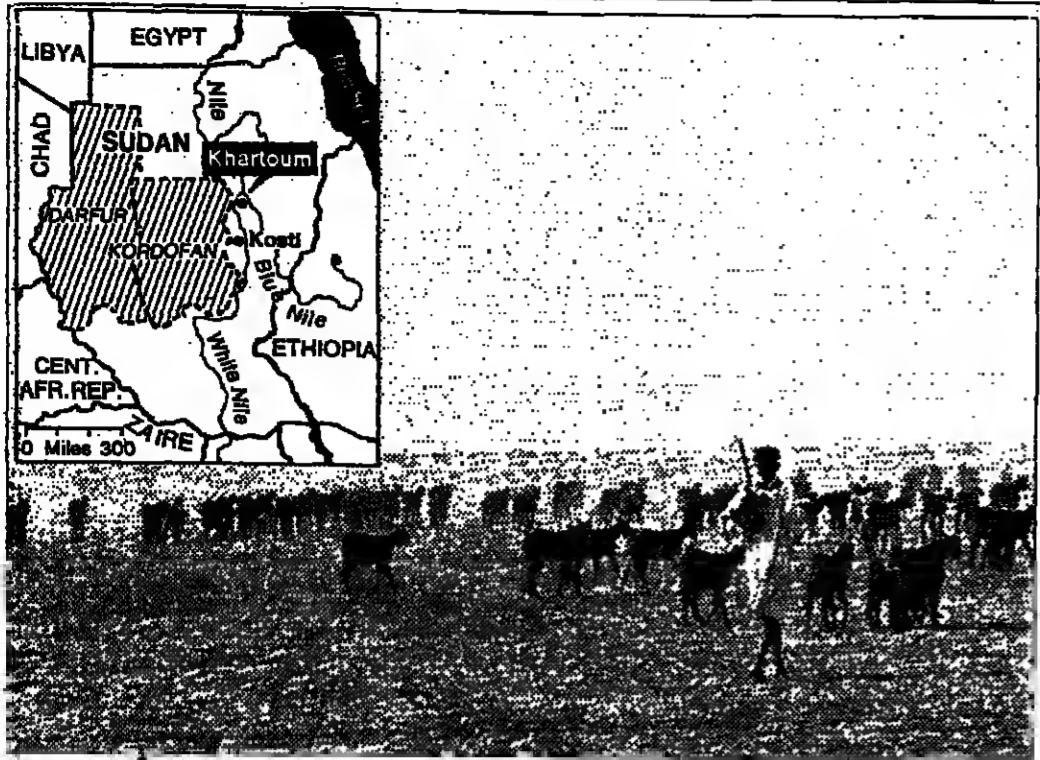
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السودان



Goats being herded south of Khartoum. The Numeiri government hopes to exploit newly discovered oil deposits in the Kordofan and Darfur regions and to build a refinery at Kosti.

Sudan Alters Its Economic Course

By Pranay Gupta
New York Times Service
KHARTOUM, The Sudan — At the urging of the International Monetary Fund and other major donors from the West and the Arab world, President Gaafar al-Nimeiry has undertaken a program of sweeping fiscal change meant to rehabilitate the Sudan's deteriorating economy. The program includes a devaluation of the Sudanese pound and an end to government subsidies for cooking oil, wheat and sugar.

The measures carry political risks for the 51-year-old president, whose personal position appears somewhat uncertain, according to senior diplomats in the U.S., French and British embassies here.

But, these diplomats said, Mr. Nimeiry had little choice in the matter — the IMF had insisted on far-reaching change by the Sudan government in return for granting it an emergency loan of \$237 million.

The Sudan — the largest country in area in Africa, with a population of 20 million overwhelmingly poor people — needs that loan urgently to overcome immediate balance-of-payments problems.

The money was allotted under a previous understanding with the monetary fund. Western economists here said, but the Nimeiry government failed to comply with such IMF conditions as trimming the budget and cutting back on imports. As a result, the fund held back its payments. The fund has come under pressure from the Reagan administration to tighten up its lending practices.

President Nimeiry's economic changes are being accompanied by an overhaul of his administration. In announcing his new program, the president severely criticized his Cabinet for what he characterized as "inept economic performance."

Key Cabinet portfolios are being switched around, he said, and the changes will be disclosed "soon."

In his "18-point economic recovery program," the president said, the Sudanese pound — equivalent to roughly \$1.26 — was being devalued by 12.5 percent. In addition, he said, there would be a 40-percent increase in taxes on oil, a 10-percent rise in taxes on imports, an immediate end to the subsidies for cooking oil and a gradual phasing out of wheat and sugar subsidies. Mr. Nimeiry said that those subsidies cost the government about \$800 million a year.

\$700 million a year. The annual inflation rate is estimated at a minimum of 50 percent by Western economists.

The Sudan's cotton crop, long the mainstay of its primarily agricultural economy, last year brought in barely \$150 million, largely because of poor production methods and mismanagement. Total imports climbed 25 percent last year, to \$1.7 billion, while exports sagged 3.3 percent, to \$300 million — almost all of which went toward oil payments to Saudi Arabia and Kuwait.

President Nimeiry said in a recent interview that he expected the Sudan to approach "self-sufficiency" in oil production toward the latter part of the decade. The country now imports 40,000 barrels a day from Saudi Arabia and Kuwait. But, the President said, new oil discoveries in Kordofan and the Upper Nile region and near Darfur indicated that the Sudan might be able to produce at least 25,000 barrels a day by 1985.

Since the late 1970's, Chevron Oil Co. has reportedly spent more than \$300 million for oil exploration in the Sudan. According to U.S. officials here, Chevron representatives hope that the Sudan's oil production will reach 200,000 barrels a day within 10 years.

A measure of the confidence Sudanese officials have in such optimism is the new refinery that Mr. Nimeiry has ordered built in Kosti. Current plans call for a daily production of 25,000 barrels of refined products. The Sudan is spending more than \$1 billion on the Kosti refinery, and there is also talk of spending \$2 billion more on a pipeline to Port Sudan, apparently in the expectation that the country will be able to export oil by the end of the 1980's.

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Traveling on Business Can Take Its Toll

(Continued from Page 7)

weekend at company expense. Most managers permit traveling employees to make unlimited long-distance calls home.

Partly as a reaction to the expense of travel, corporations are installing teleconferencing networks in regional offices, so that executives can stay in their offices and convene over television monitors, reducing the need for business trips.

By and large, industry's most widespread antidote to the hazards of travel is to offer stress-management workshops that teach participants to cope.

One reason why companies hesitate to get involved is simply that each employee's personal problems are, in fact, individual, in that broad-based orientation programs aimed at preventing the ill effects

of endless late-night flights and countless hotel rooms cannot be tailored to individuals. Moreover, some people travel easier than others. "There are people who enjoy traveling for work and have accommodated their lives and families to it," said Dr. Bruce Karrh, medical director for E.I. du Pont de Nemours & Co.

But for others, the lack of comfort and the stress and inconvenience of life on the road are all sources of psychological problems.

"The executive who travels, by definition, does not have a stable support system. That is to say, family, friends and colleagues are not available to him. He is constantly mixing with strangers in strange environments," said Mel Goldsmith, director of clinical services at Acorn, a psychological services center owned by the INA Corp. Mr. Goldsmith, whose cli-

ents consist chiefly of confidential referrals by corporations, says of the traveling businessmen: "They are frequently beset with loneliness and the absence of intimacy in their lives."

Mr. Goldsmith said separation from one's family often causes marital or family problems, such as those alluded to by the marketing manager from Cleveland. In addition, there are the difficulties that develop in single-parent households. "In the absence of her spouse, the wife is left to her own devices," Goldsmith said. "That could lead to alcoholism, extramarital affairs, depression."

A wife who has assumed the function of family leader in her husband's absence may be unwilling to relinquish that role once the husband is settled in a homebound job. "He wants to come back as

(Continued on Page 10, Col. 5)

Failure to Comply

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Japanese Posted October Surplus Of \$1.78 Billion

From Agency Dispatches

TOKYO — Japan posted up a \$1.78-billion current-account surplus in October, bringing the accumulated figure for the first seven months of its fiscal year to \$6.6 billion, or close to what had been estimated for the whole year.

The Finance Ministry said Saturday that preliminary figures showed the April-October total almost made up the entire estimated surplus of \$7 billion for the fiscal year that ends next March.

Finance Ministry officials said that although the October surplus was down from \$2.12 billion in September, it was in sharp contrast with the \$17-million deficit a year ago. They attributed the surplus to brisk exports and a drastic drop in oil imports.

October's balance of payments, which includes current account as well as long and short-term capital accounts, showed a \$1.45-billion deficit compared with the \$1.56-billion surplus in September.

After seasonal adjustments, the current-account surplus amounted to \$1.5 billion and the overall payments deficit was \$1.73 billion, the officials said.

The trade imbalance is causing serious friction between Japan and its major trading partners.

U.S. Treasury Secretary Donald Regan said during a visit to Japan this month that the Japanese ought to act quickly to reduce the huge trade surplus.

West German Steelmakers Uniting in Search for Profit

(Continued from Page 7)

minimum of state aid, they poured billions of dollars into modernizing their equipment, eliminating 39,000 of the steel industry's 232,000 jobs.

But plummeting steel prices, caused by continued overcapacity while costs are rising and recession is slowing demand, have diminished profits. Most of the country's eight major steelmakers are in the red.

Both Hoesch and Krupp announced plans earlier this year to curtail steel production, cutting about 12,000 jobs, to reduce costs and return to profitability. Krupp sought government credit guarantees totaling \$116 million to achieve its aim, and Mr. Rohwedder told Bonn officials that Hoesch would need between \$1.7 billion and \$2 billion from 1982 to 1987 to solve its problems.

The government, troubled by rising unemployment in the Ruhr, where two-thirds of the West German steel industry is situated, offered measures to cut capacity and modernize and told the two companies to start discussing combining their operations.

Things became complicated when news of the negotiations reached Ernst Pieper, chairman of Salzgitter, the state-owned enterprise. Its steelmaking division, Peine-Salzgitter, West Germany's fifth-largest steel producer, lost \$13.8 million last year, and it expects a \$90 million loss this year.

Mr. Pieper was eager to bring

his company into the talks. Despite the resistance of Hoesch, Krupp and Mr. Lamsdorff, Hans Marthofer, the official who has to write off Salzgitter's losses, agreed.

One of Chancellor Helmut Schmidt's high-ranking aides, requesting anonymity, said the course Mr. Schmidt leans toward is a combination of Hoesch and Krupp operations, with some form of government stake and a Salzgitter entry at a later date.

But skepticism remains. Ulrich Steger, a member of Parliament from the Ruhr, recently voiced concern that Hoesch and Krupp might cling to their profitable operations and dump the losers onto Bonn. Mr. Steger also said money to finance the combination might be hard to provide at a time when the government is talking of austerity.

50% Inflation Estimate

After years of gloom over the country's economic crisis, Sudanese officials are at last starting to acknowledge it, Western economists said. According to the monetary fund, the Sudan is now the world's 17th-poorest country, despite substantial agricultural and mineral potential, and its overall foreign debt is \$3 billion.

Part of that debt is at least \$450 million that the Sudan owes to Western banks in arrears. Because of its failure to keep up adequately with debt servicing, the country now finds itself unable to find new, large commercial credits, according to U.S. and British bankers.

The Commerce Department estimates that the Sudan's current balance-of-payments deficit is

Population Rises in Spain

The Associated Press

MADRID — Figures released Saturday by the National Statistics Institute said that Spain's population as of March 1, 1981, was 37,682,355, compared with 33,918,200 on Dec. 31, 1970.

Month	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
410	73.20-75.50				
420	73.00-75.00	77.30-79.50			
430	72.50-74.50	76.50-78.50	79.50-81.50		
440	72.00-74.00	75.50-77.50	78.50-80.50	81.50-83.50	
450	71.50-73.50	74.50-76.50	77.50-79.50	80.50-82.50	83.50-85.50

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November 30, 1981

NEW ISSUE

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Swiss Bank Corporation International Limited

International Bond Prices - Week of Nov. 26

Provided by White Weld Securities, London; a Division of Financiere Credit Suisse - First Boston

Table of International Bond Prices. Columns include Country, Bond Name, Maturity, Price, and Yield. Includes sub-sections for 'Continued from Page 8' and 'Option & Price'.

Table of Convertible Bonds. Columns include Country, Bond Name, Maturity, Price, and Yield. Includes sub-sections for 'Option & Price' and 'Continued on Page 11'.

Chicago Exchange Options

Table of Chicago Exchange Options. Columns include Option Name, Call/Put, Price, and Strike. Includes sub-sections for 'Option & Price' and 'Continued on Page 11'.

American Exchange Options

Table of American Exchange Options. Columns include Option Name, Call/Put, Price, and Strike. Includes sub-sections for 'Option & Price' and 'Continued on Page 11'.

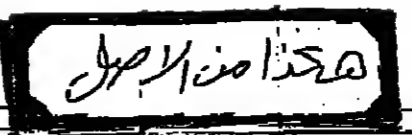
SENIOR EXECUTIVE POSITIONS

Published every Monday, this is a compilation of senior positions published in the INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE and other selected publications. Comments concerning this feature can be addressed to Juanita Caspari in Paris.

Table of Senior Executive Positions. Columns include Position, Salary, Employer, Locat., Qualifications, and Contact. Lists various roles such as European Area Manager, Marketing Project Manager, Head Computer Section, etc.

Traveling on Business Can Take Large Toll

Text discussing the toll of business travel on individuals, mentioning alcoholism and stress. Includes a sub-section 'Pilot Survives Crash, Swims'.



International Bond Prices - Week of Nov. 26

Provided by White Weld Securities, London; a Division of Financiere Credit Suisse - First Boston

Table of international bond prices with columns for AmI, Security, Middle Price, Conv. Pr, Conv. Pr, Curr. Yield, and AmI, Security, Middle Price, Conv. Pr, Conv. Pr, Curr. Yield.

HIGHEST CURRENT YIELDS

On convertibles having a conversion premium of less than 10%.

Table listing high current yields for convertible bonds.

Explanation of Symbols

Key for symbols used in the bond table.

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

Carolina Power & Light Company

U.S. \$130,000,000 Revolving Credit Facility

Arranged by

MORGAN STANLEY INTERNATIONAL

Provided by

- List of banks providing the facility: LLOYDS BANK INTERNATIONAL LIMITED, MIDLAND BANK, SAUDI INTERNATIONAL BANK, SOCIETE GENERALE, THE TORONTO-DOMINION BANK, BANK OF IRELAND, THE BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA GROUP, BANK OF SCOTLAND, BANQUE BELGE LIMITED-SOCIETE GENERALE DE BANQUE S.A., CREDIT SUISSE, NATIONAL WESTMINSTER BANK GROUP, SWISS BANK CORPORATION.

Agent

SWISS BANK CORPORATION

September, 1981

All of these Securities have been sold. This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

\$75,000,000 Ohio Edison Finance N.V. 17 1/2% Guaranteed Notes Due 1988

Payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest unconditionally guaranteed by

Ohio Edison Company

which will issue its First Mortgage Bonds to secure its guarantee

MORGAN STANLEY INTERNATIONAL

- List of banks guaranteeing the notes: BANQUE BRUXELLES LAMBERT S.A., COUNTY BANK LIMITED, CREDIT SUISSE FIRST BOSTON LIMITED, MANUFACTURERS HANOVER LIMITED, SALOMON BROTHERS INTERNATIONAL, SOCIETE GENERALE DE BANQUE S.A., SWISS BANK CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL, UNION BANK OF SWITZERLAND (SECURITIES).

- Extensive list of international banks and financial institutions.

November, 1981

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

Consumers Power Company

U.S. \$125,000,000 Short-Term Loan Facility

Arranged by

MORGAN STANLEY INTERNATIONAL

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- List of banks providing the facility: THE MITSUI TRUST AND BANKING CO., LTD., SOCIETE GENERALE, BANCA NAZIONALE DEL LAVORO, BANCO DI ROMA (CHICAGO), BANCO URQUIJO, S.A., BANQUE ARABE ET INTERNATIONALE D'INVESTISSEMENT (B.A.I.), BCI LIMITED, THE INDUSTRIAL BANK OF JAPAN TRUST COMPANY, THE MITSUBISHI TRUST AND BANKING CORPORATION, BANQUE EUROPEENNE DE CREDIT (BEC), INTERNATIONAL ENERGY BANK, KREDITBANK, THE SANWA BANK, LIMITED, THE TOYO TRUST AND BANKING CO., LTD., DAIWA BANK TRUST COMPANY.

October, 1981

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

Ohio Edison Company

U.S. \$26,000,000 Term Loan Facility

Arranged by

MORGAN STANLEY INTERNATIONAL

Provided by

- List of banks providing the facility: BANCO DI ROMA (CHICAGO), BARCLAYS BANK INTERNATIONAL, THE INDUSTRIAL BANK OF JAPAN TRUST COMPANY, LLOYDS BANK INTERNATIONAL LIMITED, NATIONAL WESTMINSTER BANK GROUP, SOCIETE GENERALE, SVENSKA HANDELSBANKEN S.A., SWISS BANK CORPORATION.

Agent

SWISS BANK CORPORATION

November, 1981

NEW YORK (AP) Weekly Over-the-Counter... Shows gains in high, low, and last bid prices for the week with the net change from the previous week's last bid prices. All quotations supplied by the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. are not actual transactions but are representative bid-ask prices of which these securities could have been sold. Prices do not include retail markup, markdown or commission. Sales supplied by NASD.

Table with columns: Symbol, High, Low, Last, Net Change. Lists various securities including Amstar, Amstar 100, Amstar 150, Amstar 200, Amstar 250, Amstar 300, Amstar 350, Amstar 400, Amstar 450, Amstar 500, Amstar 550, Amstar 600, Amstar 650, Amstar 700, Amstar 750, Amstar 800, Amstar 850, Amstar 900, Amstar 950, Amstar 1000.

Table with columns: Symbol, High, Low, Last, Net Change. Lists various securities including Amstar 1000, Amstar 1050, Amstar 1100, Amstar 1150, Amstar 1200, Amstar 1250, Amstar 1300, Amstar 1350, Amstar 1400, Amstar 1450, Amstar 1500, Amstar 1550, Amstar 1600, Amstar 1650, Amstar 1700, Amstar 1750, Amstar 1800, Amstar 1850, Amstar 1900, Amstar 1950, Amstar 2000.

Table with columns: Symbol, High, Low, Last, Net Change. Lists various securities including Amstar 2000, Amstar 2050, Amstar 2100, Amstar 2150, Amstar 2200, Amstar 2250, Amstar 2300, Amstar 2350, Amstar 2400, Amstar 2450, Amstar 2500, Amstar 2550, Amstar 2600, Amstar 2650, Amstar 2700, Amstar 2750, Amstar 2800, Amstar 2850, Amstar 2900, Amstar 2950, Amstar 3000.

Table with columns: Symbol, High, Low, Last, Net Change. Lists various securities including Amstar 3000, Amstar 3050, Amstar 3100, Amstar 3150, Amstar 3200, Amstar 3250, Amstar 3300, Amstar 3350, Amstar 3400, Amstar 3450, Amstar 3500, Amstar 3550, Amstar 3600, Amstar 3650, Amstar 3700, Amstar 3750, Amstar 3800, Amstar 3850, Amstar 3900, Amstar 3950, Amstar 4000.

Table with columns: Symbol, High, Low, Last, Net Change. Lists various securities including Amstar 4000, Amstar 4050, Amstar 4100, Amstar 4150, Amstar 4200, Amstar 4250, Amstar 4300, Amstar 4350, Amstar 4400, Amstar 4450, Amstar 4500, Amstar 4550, Amstar 4600, Amstar 4650, Amstar 4700, Amstar 4750, Amstar 4800, Amstar 4850, Amstar 4900, Amstar 4950, Amstar 5000.

Table with columns: Symbol, High, Low, Last, Net Change. Lists various securities including Amstar 5000, Amstar 5050, Amstar 5100, Amstar 5150, Amstar 5200, Amstar 5250, Amstar 5300, Amstar 5350, Amstar 5400, Amstar 5450, Amstar 5500, Amstar 5550, Amstar 5600, Amstar 5650, Amstar 5700, Amstar 5750, Amstar 5800, Amstar 5850, Amstar 5900, Amstar 5950, Amstar 6000.

Table with columns: Symbol, High, Low, Last, Net Change. Lists various securities including Amstar 6000, Amstar 6050, Amstar 6100, Amstar 6150, Amstar 6200, Amstar 6250, Amstar 6300, Amstar 6350, Amstar 6400, Amstar 6450, Amstar 6500, Amstar 6550, Amstar 6600, Amstar 6650, Amstar 6700, Amstar 6750, Amstar 6800, Amstar 6850, Amstar 6900, Amstar 6950, Amstar 7000.

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Table with columns: Symbol, High, Low, Last, Net Change. Lists various securities including Amstar 7000, Amstar 7050, Amstar 7100, Amstar 7150, Amstar 7200, Amstar 7250, Amstar 7300, Amstar 7350, Amstar 7400, Amstar 7450, Amstar 7500, Amstar 7550, Amstar 7600, Amstar 7650, Amstar 7700, Amstar 7750, Amstar 7800, Amstar 7850, Amstar 7900, Amstar 7950, Amstar 8000.

Table with columns: Symbol, High, Low, Last, Net Change. Lists various securities including Amstar 8000, Amstar 8050, Amstar 8100, Amstar 8150, Amstar 8200, Amstar 8250, Amstar 8300, Amstar 8350, Amstar 8400, Amstar 8450, Amstar 8500, Amstar 8550, Amstar 8600, Amstar 8650, Amstar 8700, Amstar 8750, Amstar 8800, Amstar 8850, Amstar 8900, Amstar 8950, Amstar 9000.

Table with columns: Symbol, High, Low, Last, Net Change. Lists various securities including Amstar 9000, Amstar 9050, Amstar 9100, Amstar 9150, Amstar 9200, Amstar 9250, Amstar 9300, Amstar 9350, Amstar 9400, Amstar 9450, Amstar 9500, Amstar 9550, Amstar 9600, Amstar 9650, Amstar 9700, Amstar 9750, Amstar 9800, Amstar 9850, Amstar 9900, Amstar 9950, Amstar 10000.

Table with columns: Symbol, High, Low, Last, Net Change. Lists various securities including Amstar 10000, Amstar 10050, Amstar 10100, Amstar 10150, Amstar 10200, Amstar 10250, Amstar 10300, Amstar 10350, Amstar 10400, Amstar 10450, Amstar 10500, Amstar 10550, Amstar 10600, Amstar 10650, Amstar 10700, Amstar 10750, Amstar 10800, Amstar 10850, Amstar 10900, Amstar 10950, Amstar 11000.

Table with columns: Symbol, High, Low, Last, Net Change. Lists various securities including Amstar 11000, Amstar 11050, Amstar 11100, Amstar 11150, Amstar 11200, Amstar 11250, Amstar 11300, Amstar 11350, Amstar 11400, Amstar 11450, Amstar 11500, Amstar 11550, Amstar 11600, Amstar 11650, Amstar 11700, Amstar 11750, Amstar 11800, Amstar 11850, Amstar 11900, Amstar 11950, Amstar 12000.

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Large table of financial data, likely stock prices or market indices, organized in columns with various symbols and numerical values.

We are pleased to announce that the Honorable Henry A. Kissinger has been elected a Director of Trust Company of the West, Los Angeles. Includes a signature of Henry A. Kissinger.

Handwritten Arabic text in a decorative box.

Over-the-Counter

Table of stock prices for various companies, including columns for 'Sales in 100s High Low Last Chg' and 'Net'.

Table of stock prices for various companies, including columns for 'Sales in 100s High Low Last Chg' and 'Net'.

Table of stock prices for various companies, including columns for 'Sales in 100s High Low Last Chg' and 'Net'.

Hawks' Johnson and the Interior Battleground

By David DuPree. Atlanta Hawks guard Eddie Johnson... ATLANTA — He was shooting free throws by himself after practice...



Eddie Johnson... And I ran into a lot of leeches and snakes.

Johnson resumed playing on schedule, and General Manager Stan Kasten said he is "very pleased with the results."... But, Kasten added, Johnson's behavior is still "monitored very closely."

Golfer Bert Yancey spent time in 11 hospitals before being diagnosed as a manic depressive several years ago. He now operates a golf school in Hilton Head, S.C., and rejoined the PGA tour this year.

Consolidated Trading Of NYSE Listings

Table showing consolidated trading data for NYSE listings, including volume and price changes.

Socialists Discuss EEC Enlargement

MADRID — Socialist leaders from 12 European countries have ended a two-day meeting on the prospective enlargement of the European Economic Community...

Protest March in Berlin

BERLIN — About 10,000 people paraded peacefully through West Berlin Saturday to protest over city laws that restrict the immigration of foreigners over age 16...

Consolidated Trading Of AMEX Listings

Table showing consolidated trading data for AMEX listings, including volume and price changes.

Kredietlux Indices

Table showing Kredietlux indices for various countries, including Belgium, France, Germany, and the Netherlands.

Mutual Funds

Table listing various mutual funds with columns for fund name, price, and other details.

U.S. College Basketball

Table showing U.S. college basketball results, including Eastern and Western Conference games.

New Zealand Midfielder Keith MacKay



New Zealand midfielder Keith MacKay was tackled from behind by Saudi Arabia's Hashim Sroor Mabarak during the early going in Saturday's World Cup qualifying soccer match in Auckland.

NBA Standings

Table showing NBA standings for the Eastern and Western Conferences.

More Sports On Page 15

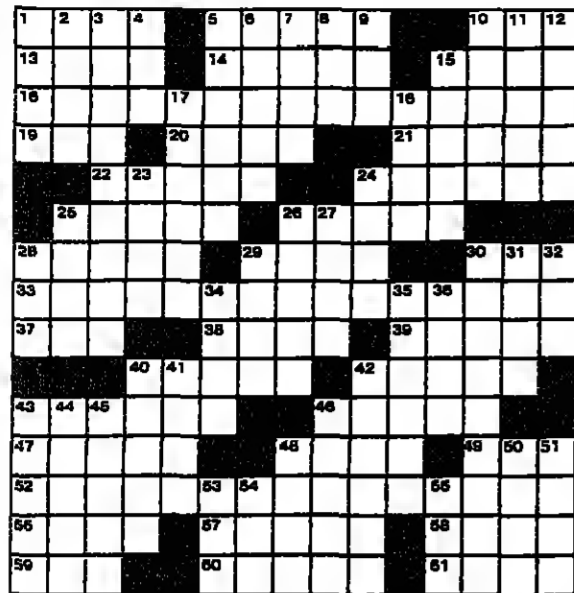
Advertisement for INDUSTRIES CHIMIQUES DU SENEGAL, featuring a 'TENDER OFFER' for construction of storage installations for liquefied ammonia.

Advertisement for INDUSTRIES CHIMIQUES DU SENEGAL, featuring a 'PRESOLUTION NOTICE' for construction of harbor installations in Dakar.

Large advertisement for ESCORTS & GUIDES, listing various services and contact information for agencies in London, Amsterdam, Zurich, and Geneva.

CROSSWORD

By Eugene T. Malaska



- ACROSS: 1 Bulk Home; 5 Song like; 10 Entangle; 13 Exiate part; 14 Lariat; 15 Tape sent to D.J.; 16 " with You; 19 Place for a puttee; 20 Rational; 21 SMUL, for short; 22 Air; 23 Tax; 25 Outlets; 26 Chromographer; 28 Constituents in various alloys; 29 Old Cowhand; 30 Kind of jacket; 33 In a position with a decision must be made; 37 Dance step; 38 Instrument for a band; 39 Ford of song; 40 Wood for a clarinet; 42 Star's representative; 43 Eases; 48 Fish

- DOWN: 1 " to the Chief; 2 homo; 3 Incomplete parts; 4 Derek film; 5 Instruments for Ethel Smith; 6 Claims; 7 Band's one night stand; 8 " a long way; 9 Word with crowd or hum; 10 Rhythmic structure for Shelley; 11 Last words at church; 12 Combinations; 15 Refuse; 17 Nagana carrier; 18 Church area; 23 Kind of worm; 24 Miller and Sheridan; 25 What a Ph.D. candidate submits; 26 The Bay State's Cleveland; 27 Reaction at a horror movie; 28 Denroy Darch vader; 29 Land Pahlevi; 30 Resulted; 31 Emend; 32 Gnat's mother; 34 Tennis stroke form; 35 Modern jazz form; 36 Russian city on the Oka; 40 Slaves of yore; 41 In use; 42 Horn of a ruminant; 43 Composer of "La Clo"; 44 Summon forth; 45 Doctrine; 46 Tarsus; 48 Got a hole-in-one; 50 Wine center in Italy; 51 At no time, poetically; 53 Draft org.; 54 Shoshonean; 55 Literary monogram

WEATHER

Table with columns for City, High, Low, and conditions. Includes cities like ALGARVE, ALGIERS, AMSTERDAM, ANKARA, ATHENS, AUCKLAND, BANGKOK, BEIRUT, BELGRADE, BERLIN, BOSTON, BRUSSELS, BUDAPEST, BUENOS AIRES, CAIRO, CAPE TOWN, CASABLANCA, CHICAGO, COPENHAGEN, COSTA DEL SOL, OMAHAS, OUDERHOORN, EDINBURGH, FLORENCE, FRANKFURT, GENEVA, HELSINKI, HONG KONG, HOUSTON, ISTANBUL, JERUSALEM, LAS PALMAS, LIMA, LISBON, LONDON, LOS ANGELES.

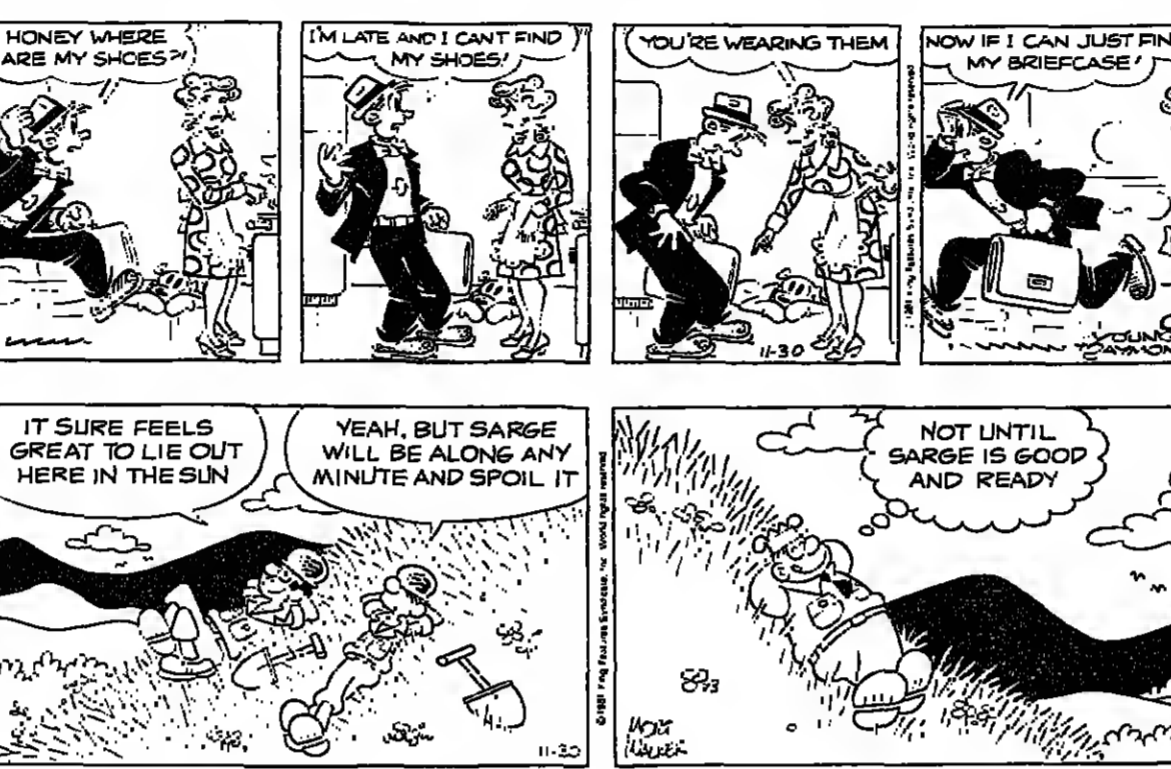
PEANUTS



BLONDIE



BATTLE BAILEY



ANDY CAPP



WIZARD OF ID



REX MORGAN



DOONESBURY



BOOKS

THE GATE OF HEAVENLY PEACE

The Chinese and Their Revolution

By Jonathan D. Spence. pp. 465. \$19.95

Viking Press, 625 Madison Avenue, New York 10022.

Reviewed by Jay Mathews

SCHOLARS who dabble in modern Chinese literature sometimes wonder why so little of it is any good. This marvelous book suggests one answer: Chinese writers may be so obsessed with China, so wrapped up in the question of how it can return to its former greatness, that they have no time for subtler thought.

No one has quite done this Chinese history before. Western readers usually pass the subject by, put off by the strange customs and philosophic assumptions and also, I think, by the nearly unpronounceable names. Spence begins with the story of Kang Youwei, a bright and ambitious young man from Canton who flourished by his first visit to Hong Kong...

Solution to Friday's Puzzle

A crossword puzzle grid with the words 'LEAP', 'OPAS', 'DIAS', 'MARRA', 'NEDD', 'ASTI', 'UTTER', 'ARDN', 'NEGN', 'SHEAR', 'STRANDER', 'TERROE', 'APRIE', 'VAPID', 'TRAMP', 'ATTU', 'PAIN', 'ARROUSE', 'GOLD', 'SING', 'TOIGIE', 'TONITE', 'GOT', 'SARK', 'SLAVE', 'TROOP', 'ERASE', 'RETAED', 'REPRESENT', 'THREES', 'EROS', 'STAR', 'REIN', 'ELLA', 'ESTE', 'ORATE', 'KEBEL', 'BLEEK', 'LIEGE'.

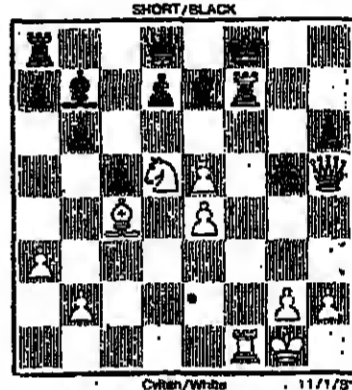
Spence's triumph is that he has illuminated the vital connections of friendship and family which have made Chinese history in this century, making them shine like a spider's web flecked with dew.

Jay Mathews is on the staff of The Washington Post.

CHESS

By Robert Byrne

ONJEN CVITAN of Yugoslavia captured the World Junior Championship in Mexico City with a 102-24 score in a Swiss-system yield of 46 players, none of whom would have had his 20th birthday until after the tournament.



Position after 21... K-B1

Jan Elfvest of the Soviet Union was second with 10-3 and Nigel Short of England was third with 9-4.

Jay Whitehead, the United States junior champion, started with 4 points out of five games but then collapsed, losing his next five in a row.

CVITAN began by losing to 14-year-old Simen Agdestein of Norway, but he lost only one other game -- to Elfvest -- while winning 10. As he felt youth, he played a boundlessly energetic game, sacrificing at every opportunity.

His sixth-round encounter with Short, an international master, was typical of his gung-ho approach.

The unprepossessing 4-P-QR3 uses a tempo to develop a knight at QB3 without allowing a pin by... B-N5. One of White's objectives is to transpose into a kind of Queen's Gambit Declined exchange variation after 4... B-N2; 5-N-B3, P-Q4; 6-P-P; 7-B-B4. Black is permitted the alternative recapture with 6... NXP, after which 7-P-K3, K-K2; 8-B-N5ch, P-QB3; 9-Q-Q3 gives White a chance to produce a strong center with 10-P-K4.

These schemes are the idea of Tigran Petrosian of the Soviet Union, a former world champion, and they have a wide following nowadays. Short chose to transpose into a type of Benoni formation with 4... P-B4; 5-P-Q5, with the point that 4-P-QR3 would have no role in the proceedings and would thus be a lost move.

After 7-P-P, the white QP was, of course, inviolable... NXP; 8-Q-K4ch costs Black a piece -- but after 7... B-N2, White is forced to yield a pawn. Thus, on 8-P-K4 (8-N-B3, NXP; 9-Q-K4ch, Q-K2 is a failure for White), Q-K2, White is obliged to try a gambit.

CVITAN offered a second pawn with 12-N-Q5! the tactical point being that 12... NXP; 13-P-N3, BXP; 14-B-K4, B-B3; 15-B-N5, K-K2 (15... P-B3; 16-B-N6ch, PxB; 17-QxPch, K-K2; 18-KR-K1ch, K-Q3; 19-B-B4ch, K-Q; 20-Q-K4mate); 16-KR-K1, P-B3; 17-BxRP, BxN (17... PxB; 18-N-K5!, Q-B2; 19-Q-N6ch, K-Q1; 20-N-B7ch, K-B1; 21-RxB1) is hopeless for Black; 18-B-N6ch, K-B1; 19-Q-N3, P-Q4; 20-Q-B yields White an enduring attack against the hemmed-in black king.

Table titled 'QUEEN'S INDIAN DEFENSE' showing chess moves and notation: White: 1-P-Q4, 2-P-Q4, 3-P-Q4, 4-P-QB3, 5-B-N2, 6-P-P, 7-P-P, 8-Q-Q3, 9-P-Q3, 10-N-B3. Black: 1-N-B3, 2-P-B3, 3-P-N3, 4-P-B4, 5-B-N2, 6-P-B4, 7-P-P, 8-N-B3, 9-P-Q3, 10-N-B3.

RADIO NEWSCASTS

BBC WORLD SERVICE

Table with columns for News (0600, 0700, 0800, 0900, 1000, 1100, 1200, 1300, 1400, 1700, 1800, 2000, 2200, 2300 GMT) and rows for Western Europe, Eastern Europe, Middle East, Africa, Asia and Pacific, South Africa, East Africa, Middle East, Africa, Asia and Pacific, South Africa, East Africa.

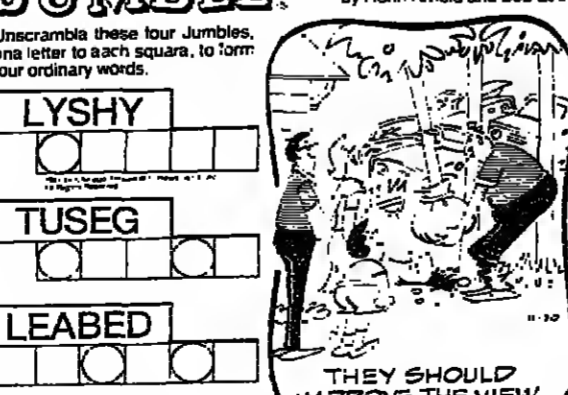
VOICE OF AMERICA

Table with columns for News (1900-2100, 2100-2300 Mon-Fri, 2100-2300 Mon-Fri, 2100-2300 Mon-Fri, 2100-2300 Mon-Fri) and rows for Western Europe, Eastern Europe, Middle East, Africa, Asia and Pacific, South Africa, East Africa.

RADIO CANADA INTERNATIONAL

Table with columns for 1900-2100, 2100-2300 Mon-Fri, 2100-2300 Mon-Fri, 2100-2300 Mon-Fri, 2100-2300 Mon-Fri and rows for Western Europe, Eastern Europe, Middle East, Africa, Asia and Pacific, South Africa, East Africa.

JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME



Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Print answer here: (Answers tomorrow) Saturday's Jumbles: HENNA UNGAP BUCKLE CHISEL Answer: What the bathing beauty was -- A BEACH PEACH

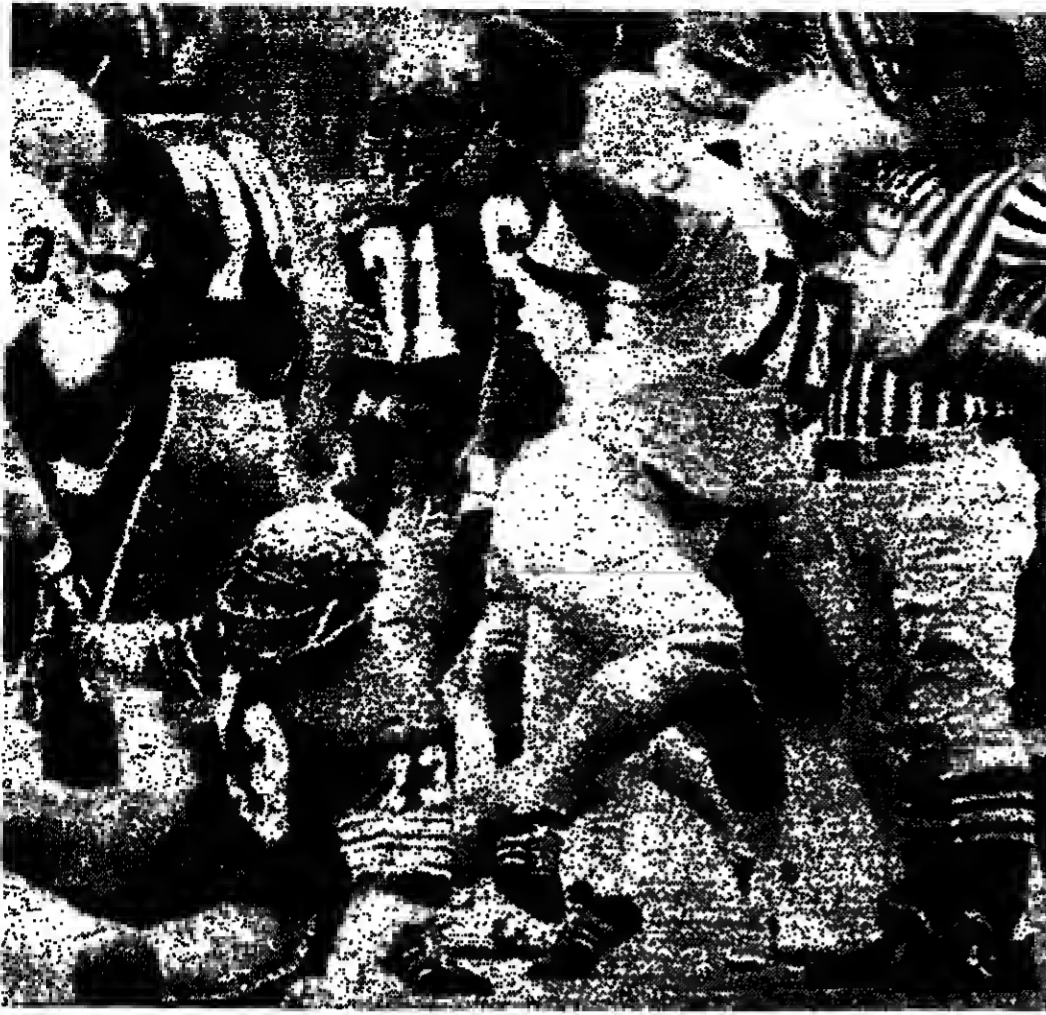
DENNIS THE MENACE



FOR A MAXIMUM RETURN ON TIME INVESTED. International Herald Tribune We've got news for you.

Imprimé par P.I.O. - 1, Boulevard Ney 75018 Paris

مکان من الاجل



Having fumbled a second-period snap, Pitt quarterback Dan Marino sat dazed while Penn State's Greg Gattino recovered the ball and picked up a few yards. Penn State won going away, 48-14.

Penn State Storms Back to Upset Pittsburgh, 48-14

PITTSBURGH — With Todd Blackledge upstaging Dan Marino at quarterback, Penn State stunned top-ranked and previously undefeated Pittsburgh Saturday with a 48-14 comeback victory.

Blackledge finished the game with 12 completions in 23 attempts for 262 yards. Marino had 22 completions in 45 attempts for 267 yards, but only 80 yards in the second half.

Blackledge drove Penn State down the field and scored the game tying touchdown on a 7-yard quarterback draw.

By the end of the half, Pitt had lost 80 yards on 9 penalties, 70 of those yards on 7 second-quarter penalties.

Blackledge then hit Kenny Jackson with a 42-yard touchdown pass to take the lead, 21-14.

The next time Penn State got the ball, Blackledge hit Jackson with a 45-yard scoring pass.

Penn State was named the winner of the Lambert Trophy Sunday as the top major-college football team in the Northeast.

Pitt (10-1), had been ranked first in the previous two weekly Lambert ballots, but finished with 62 points in the final voting.

Alabama 28, Auburn 17

In Birmingham, Ala. it looked for a while as if Bryant might have to wait until 1982 to register his 315th career victory, breaking the 314-win mark of Amos Alonzo Stagg.

Jets Trounce Colts, 25-0, to Overtake Miami

NEW YORK — Freeman McNeil scored two touchdowns and Pat Leahy kicked four field goals Sunday as the New York Jets took over first place in the American Football Conference East with a 25-0 victory over Baltimore, saddling the Colts with their 12th straight loss.

McNeil, the Jets' No. 1 draft choice, sprinted 30 yards for his first rushing TD of the season in the opening quarter and dived the final yard in the third period following Bruce Harper's 46-yard punt return to the Colt 1-yard line.

Leahy connected from the 37 and the 21 and twice from the 27 as the Jets (8-1) moved a half-game ahead of Miami, which plays Philadelphia Monday night.

total to a league-leading 54. Jones, intercepted once, completed 13 of 24 passes for 135 yards, while the Jets' Richard Todd, facing little pressure, hit 16 of 28 attempts for 143 yards.

McNeil, who finished with 93 yards on 24 carries, scored the only touchdown the Jets needed 9:31 into the game when he burst through the middle, cut to the right around safety Bruce Laird and raced untouched into the end zone.

In Pittsburgh, Franco Harris, breaking O. J. Simpson's NFL record for most career carries, rushed for 114 yards and a touchdown to lead the Steelers to a 24-0 victory over puncheon Los Angeles. The Rams suffered their

fourth-straight loss, their longest losing streak since 1966 and their first since a 1978 playoff loss to Dallas.

The durable Harris, a 10-year veteran who has never had a serious injury, carried 18 times to raise his career total to 2,420.

The Steelers intercepted three passes off backup Dan Pastorini. Cornerback Mel Blount picked off two to raise his career total to 51 and linebacker Jack Lambert added the other.

final three minutes by an unsportsmanlike conduct penalty against the New England bench. The penalty moved the ball to the Patriot 49-yard line. With a third-and-six situation on the 33, Green gathered in the pass at the 29 and raged down the left sideline for the game-winner.

The Patriots had tied the score with 2:54 left on Vagas Ferguson's 3-yard run that capped an 80-yard drive and John Smith's extra point.

Anderson increased his 1981 totals to 250 completions in 390 attempts for 25 touchdowns, both personal highs.

Gnauck Takes 3 Golds As Gymnastics Conclude

MOSCOW — Maxi Gnauck of East Germany pulled off a gold medal triple Sunday to steal the thunder from the Soviet Union's domination of the 21st World Gymnastics Championships.

Gnauck retained her asymmetric bars crown by scoring a perfect 10 for a total of 19,900 points. China's Ma Yanhong received a 9,900, which she left with the silver medal at 19,800.

took the gold in the vault when Ralph Peter Hemmann was awarded a 10 on his two jumps.

Bicherova, who turned 15 on Oct. 26 and placed only 23d in the European championships, coolly headed the 36 finalists, which included all-around champion, the Olympic champion.

A Ring-Wise Doctor Takes a Sobering Look at Ex-Champs' Comebacks

Ferdie Pacheco, M.D., is the boxing consultant for NBC Sports. He was Muhammad Ali's doctor for 15 years.

NEW YORK — The apparently endless comebacks from retirement by Muhammad Ali have brought about a dreary succession of attempts to return to the ring wars by other aging fighters.

All organ systems are affected by this progressive loss of resiliency, perhaps none more than the brain and central nervous system.

Boxing is a young man's game. Until age 30, the body is in the upswing, getting stronger and stronger.

'Bama's Bear Roars, Soft and Clear

By Dave Kindred
Washington Post Service
BIRMINGHAM, Ala. — They didn't carry him off the field, because he's too old for that stuff, and he took precautions with his hound's-tooth hat, assigning a policeman to carry the lid to safety.

But make no mistake: Paul (Bear) Bryant loved this one like the sun. Bryant loved one for a long time. "For them to turn it around that way," Bryant said of his Alabama players who beat Auburn with two fourth-quarter touchdowns Saturday, "this is one of the greatest victories I've ever been connected with."

It was number 315. Harry Truman was president when Bryant began winning. Amos Alonzo Stagg won 314. 56 seasons. Bear's done it in 37.

He's done it by cheating (self-confessed), by brutalizing players (59 of 96 would-be Aggies quit before Bear's first game as Texas A&M's coach), by creating works of genius (his wishbone offense is winning while others have died) and by knowing when time no longer can resist a good idea (he is 116-14-1 with integrated teams).



Bear Bryant

isolate to coach forever as long as Alabama doesn't pay him past 70, Bryant seems set on reaching victory No. 400.

"Gonna coach 'til they run me off," says Bryant.

Thanking everybody, Bear took special care to mention special folks. "I'm thankful to the good Lord for the many wonderful people at Maryland, Kentucky, Texas A&M and here. Carney Leslie and Frank Moseley had as much or more to do with this as anyone. I wish they could have been here."

planned it, he couldn't have planned it better than coming from behind late. "They're going to get behind sometime down the road, trying to make a living," said Bear.

"I oughta be carrying them off the field," he said. "I would have, if I was strong enough."

Everybody laughed, including Bear.

BASEBALL
DETROIT—Traded Steve Kamin, outfielder, to the Chicago White Sox for Cliff Lumsden, outfielder.

HOCKEY
CALGARY—Assistant Karl Elmer, defenseman, to the Detroit Red Wings where he will play six games and retire the club.



Olga Bicherova

IBUSUKI, Japan—Lee Trevino of the United States shot a 3-under-par 69 Sunday to win a professional golf tournament here by a 4 strokes over Isao Aoki of Japan. Trevino's 72-hole total of 275 was 13-under.

Gerulaitis Is Winner
JOHANNESBURG — Vitas Gerulaitis of the United States won the South African Open tennis tournament Sunday with a 6-4, 7-6, 6-1 victory over unseeded compatriot Jeff Borowiak.

Trevino Wins Japan Golf
The Associated Press
IBUSUKI, Japan—Lee Trevino of the United States shot a 3-under-par 69 Sunday to win a professional golf tournament here by a 4 strokes over Isao Aoki of Japan.

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NHL Standings

Team	W	L	T	GF	GA	Pts
Pittsburgh	12	4	0	60	28	24
Philadelphia	12	1	0	84	38	24
NY Rangers	11	2	7	77	58	23
Washington	10	5	1	78	51	21

More Sports On Page 13

Language

Enhanced Euphemism

By William Safire
NEW YORK — The rise of "enhanced" euphemism began in the 1950s with the need to spruce up monaural recordings for playback in stereo equipment.

"dropped." An enhanced radiation weapon may be dropped, shot, or talked about a lot.

Over at Sony, Mark Fier explains that sound is enhanced "with the use of different types of circuits that delay, in microseconds, the reception of the signal to the ears. This expands the stereo image."

After wowing the lexicon of the ambience chasers (a punning coinage of Mrs. Muffie Brandon, now of the White House), "enhanced" pushed itself up into the jargon of political-military affairs.

In 1978, the Pentagon — enhanced with enhanced — started to use the word in connection with the F-15s which were being sold to Saudi Arabia.

The word is rooted in the Latin for "to raise," and came to English via Old French. In recent times, it has shifted its primary meaning from "to lift" or "to raise in value" to the current "to improve, to make more attractive."

"WHAT DID Baker mean when he acquiesced in revenue enhancement 'in outyears'?" "Think 'outyears,'" writes Sen. Daniel P. Moynihan in his newsletter to "Yorkers."

"Outyear" — one word as used by insiders, two words as misused by outsiders — is a contribution of the budget arts to the language arts.

Art Objects Stolen in Peru
LIMA — Three thieves broke into Peru's National Archaeological Museum and stole 34 gold and silver objects from the Inca period, valued at a minimum of \$5 million.

The Queen of Counterfeit Diamonds

By Stephanie Mansfield
Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON — The mistress of counterfeit arrives at the door of a swank Washington restaurant, pulls her 4-foot-11-inch frame up to buss the blushing maitre' d' and is whisked through the throng to her table.



Helen Ver Standig decked out in Wellingtons.

"Honey, I'm responsible for more cheap weekends than any maddam in the country," says Helen Ver Standig, better known as Madame Wellington, the 62-year-old Washington widow who claims to be the world's largest diamond swindler.

She slips off the ring and holds it up. The crystal gem sparkles brilliantly. It looks like a diamond. It feels like a diamond. And, as Madame Wellington tells her customers, if you think it's a diamond, well, bubble, it is a diamond.

Spurred by the high price of real diamonds, increasing crime and skyrocketing insurance rates, the ersatz ice biz is booming. Especially in Washington, where the Reagan administration has lined up 30 many Heavy Glitters.

I want to go." Usually it's La Costa in January, Palm Beach in February, St. Croix in March and Cape Cod for the summer.

She sells the \$150-a-carat counterfeits (as opposed to the average \$40,000-a-carat flawless diamond) to bankers, lawyers, actresses and actors, playboys, businessmen, housewives and heiresses.

Ver Standig claims she once sold a pair of fake diamond earrings to the White House, though she won't reveal the name of the first lady.

Stoned (in dusty dress, hat and high heels) and Mac Ver Standig (in white trousers and wide crepe-soled shoes) were standing in front of a justice of the peace in Elkton, Md. Ver Standig slipped on his bride's finger a \$15 diamond ring he had bought at Horning's Hook Shop in Rosslyn.

A native of Washington, D.C., 18-year-old Helen Ver Standig was working in her father's dress shop one day in 1931 when a tall, handsome man came in. His name was M. Belmont Ver Standig, also known as Mac.

Two nights later, Helen Ver Standig loomed the scientist \$10,000.

Three years later, Mac Ver Standig developed an aneurysm and he and his wife sold the ad agency. By that time, Helen Ver Standig's Swiss scientist had finished his research.

She and her husband took out full-page ads in the Wall Street Journal, offering the fake gems for \$40 a carat. The response was overwhelming: 20,000 orders within a few days, by her own estimate.

Text was coming up with a class name for the counterfeits. Mac Ver Standig, who died in 1972, had always called his wife "Madame," and they ran through a few dozen test names before settling on Wellington.

Some of her tales are as big as the Ritz. "When I first started this business," she says, "I had no idea how many dainties there were out there. When I opened the Connecticut Avenue store, this guy walks in and buys a 14-carat rock. It was my first sale."

"I've had Christmas, she says, a man walked into the downtown store to look at men's rings. Somehow, he managed to switch a one-carat real diamond for a 3-carat Wellington. He apparently hadn't noticed the words "counterfeit diamonds" in small print on the door.

Shopping Draws Turks To the Divided Island

By Sajid Rizvi
United Press International

KYRENIA, Cyprus — The Turkish lira, assailed at home as a mercurial currency always dipping against the dollar, is strong and current in this sunny Mediterranean resort battling the effects of an oil conflict.

"Call it a foreign currency if you like," said a coffee house waiter capping a jug of white mists, dropping a line of blue, green, crimson and yellow hells of yachts. "But you don't run, do you, to the bank each time you buy a drink or whatever."

Whatever is the word, since the lira buys all in the Turkish part of Cyprus — food, accommodation, taxi ride or any of the numerous imported goodies stacked away in quiet, westernized stores which can't be had in Turkey because of an import ban prompted by chronic foreign exchange trouble.

There are now more than 125 liras to a U.S. dollar — the rate fluctuates daily. About 300 liras buy a plate of fried fish with green salad, against three times as much charged by a similar food shop in Turkey.

Forget both fish and coffee and get, instead, a bottle of Scotch. In Turkey it costs \$17 a liter — three times the price in Cyprus — with all the hassle of dealing with a black marketeer. Most Turks long ago switched to local gin.

The Greek south still in Cyprus, but the north is now considered by the Turks to be an independent Turkish federated state, ruled by Turkish Cypriots from the upper end of the divided capital, Nicosia (Lefkoshia in Turkish).

For 24,000 Turkish liras, less than \$200, Turkish Cypriot Airways flies you between north Cyprus and Ankara, Turkey's capital, with a week in a good hotel, breakfast and a meal a day thrown in.

Many go just for the Scotch, coffee and cigarettes, and want to spend the least on getting there, said a hotel manager in Nicosia, on the Turkish coast.

Turkish Cypriot merchants get the goods from the Greek side — how is open to all manner of speculation. Having lost much of their trade in the island's division, most are happy to have the Turkish shoppers.

But officials in Ankara can't help waffling, and customs checks ensure travelers don't overspend or turn a Cyprus holiday into a black marketeer's connection.

ANNOUNCEMENTS
THE WALL STREET JOURNAL INTERNATIONAL AIR EDITION
THE MAGAZINE OF PASSION
AT CHRISTMAS SAVE TIME
MAKE A GOOD MOVE, CALL INTERDEAN
MOVING
MAKE A GOOD MOVE, CALL INTERDEAN
REBEL INTERNATIONAL MOVIES
AUTOMOBILES, REMOVALS, BAGGAGE
WORLDWIDE removals/courier/shipping
REAL ESTATE FOR SALE
FRENCH PROVINCES
PARIS & SUBURBS
TUOZAGRO / EFFER TOURS

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE
GREECE
ISLAND GENERAL
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For your guidance, the basic rate is \$8.20 per line per day + local taxes. There are 24 letters, signs and spaces in the first line and 36 in the following lines. Minimum space is 2 lines. No abbreviations accepted.